

Crittenden Record-Press

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NUMBER 3

STATE CONVENTION

James, Beckham, McCreary, Haldeman, Paynter, Mayo Delegates At Large.

PREWITT STATE CHAIRMAN.

Ollie James Nominates Stanley, who Makes a Keynote Speech—Harmony the Watchword.

KENTUCKY DEMOCRACY AGAIN UNITED.

DELEGATES AT LARGE

Senator James B. McCreary, of Madison.
Ollie M. James, of Crittenden.
Former Governor J. C. W. Beckham, of Franklin.
Hon. W. B. Haldeman, of Jefferson.
Senator Thomas H. Paynter, of Greenup.
Hon. John C. C. Mayo, of Johnson.

Lexington, Ky., June 11.—Harmony characterized the Democratic State convention held today.

At the afternoon session the temporary organization was effected by the election of Representative Owsley Stanley, of the Second district, as temporary chairman, by acclamation. Stanley in his keynote speech urged harmony. After the committee were appointed more harmony speeches were made by C. J. Bronston, of Lexington, former Governor Beckham and Senator McCreary.

Perhaps the most noisy and enthusiastic demonstration was for ex-Governor Beckham, and one personal thrust was when Beckham in referring to a report in a morning paper that he had been defeated said that he and his friends could never be so badly beaten that they would bolt the party nominee and that no tribes were necessary to secure his party loyalty.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED

At the night session the temporary organization was made permanent and Henry R. Prewitt, of Montgomery county was chosen chairman of the State Central Committee. Joseph R. Pugh, of Keaton county, member at large of State Central Committee, and A. B. Rhea, of Logan county, member at large of the State Executive Committee.

Resolutions reaffirm allegiance to and devotion to Democratic principles as represented by Jefferson and set forth in the platform of 1904, endorse Beckham's conduct, and instruct the delegates to cast the vote of Kentucky as a unit at Denver for Bryan, as the nominee for President and to so continue until he is nominated.

CALLED TO ORDER.

At 2:35 o'clock Chairman Louis McQuown called the convention to order, and Dr. E. G. B. Mann delivered the invocation. At 2:45 o'clock Judge McQuown called for nomination of temporary chairman, and Ollie James was recognized and given a splendid ovation.

He said he saw a united Democracy before him, and the convention went wild.

"Victory beckons to the Democracy from every quarter of the Republic," said Mr. James in nominating Congressman A. O. Stanley for temporary chairman. He bitterly scored the Republican State administration and Gov. Willson's efforts to grant a pardon to the Goebel murderers. He said money rained in the Republican State convention for the benefit of daylight assassins.

Nominations were closed without a dissenting voice, and on motion of Edward M. Flexner, of Louisville, Stanley was elected by acclamation and Chairman McQuown appointed Capt. Barker, of Boyd, and Ollie M. James of Crittenden, to escort Chairman Stanley to the stand.

Mr. Stanley made one of his characteristic speeches, outlining Democratic policies and calling for harmony.

APPOINTMENTS ANNOUNCED.

Chairman Stanley made the following appointments to the various committees. Credentials, James Garrett, Adair, and P. S. Maxwell, Crittenden. Resolutions, J. N. Kehoe, Mason, J. A. Sullivan, Madison. Permanent organization, Ruby Laffoon, Hopkins, S. W. Hager, Boyd. Oscar Vest, of Owen, was appointed sergeant-at-arms of the convention.

DELEGATES, ELECTORS AND STATE COMMITTEES.

Delegates to Denver, State-at-Large: Ollie M. James, James B. McCreary, Col. W. B. Haldeman, T. H. Paynter, J. C. W. Beckham, John C. C. Mayo.

DISTRICT DELEGATES.

First District: Chas. Lind, Gus Thomas.
Second: Josh T. Griffith, Geo. Wilson.
Third: J. L. Bryan.

ELECTORS.

First District: G. S. Ross.
Second: Laverga Clements.

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

First District: Al Berry, McCracken.
Second: N. Powell Taylor, of Henderson.

STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEEMEN.

First District: Henry R. Lawrence of Trigg.
Second: Dr. J. A. Goodson, of Webster.

CREDENTIALS.

First District: Mott Ayers, Hickman.

Second: J. W. Barton, McLean.

RESOLUTIONS COMMITTEE.

First District: F. W. Richardson, of Caldwell.

Second: W. E. Bourland, Webster.

ORGANIZATION COMMITTEE.

First District: Judge E. Barry.
Second: C. E. Sugg, Henderson.

GREAT MEETING

Was That of the Farmer Educational Co-Operative Union Last Friday.

As announced in the CRITTENDEN RECORD-PRESS the Farmers Union of Crittenden county met last Friday in a business session. Much business was transacted.

One important feature of the forenoon session was the talk made by Mayor Blue, who was called on for a statement of the desires of the business men of the city, in regard to maintaining the State Guards at Marion. He responded and gave as his opinion that the business men and others to whom he had talked saw no necessity of the soldiers being here. An important feature of the afternoon session was the speech of County Judge Walter Blackburn, who had been waited on by a committee of which Judge James and Moore was spokesman appointed in the forenoon, to explain his reason for keeping.

(Continued on page eight)

OUR OLLIE

Becomes Leader of Kentucky's Democratic Hosts.

HE LEADS IN CONVENTION

Congressman's Masterly Handling Of Situation and Magnanimity to Defeated Opponents

BRING HIM TO THE FOREFRONT.

Lexington, Ky., June 11.—Rising superior to personal or political

ponents the right hand of fellowship and drew up his fallen foes to a place on an equal footing with him, as democrats within the Democratic party. Mr. James would not risk Democratic success and jeopardize the chances of their man, who is a close personal and political friend William J. Bryan, to gratify personal feelings, so he met the other side half way and established, with his able following, all factions in harmony working together for the success of the Democratic ticket.

The convention, in its workings and results, showed Mr. James to the people of the State for what he is, and showed that he had the courage to fight and the magnanimity to forgive and forget, and stamps him as a leader who shows conspicuous even in the gathering here which was one of the best convention ever held in Kentucky. He went into the fight which was waged on him and won it without question and by his personality and strength, and despite every inducement to persuade him to drop the contest. He resisted all blandishments and stood firmly for his principles, but when the time came and he had won, establishing his contention, he made concessions to promote harmony in the con-



HON. OLLIE M. JAMES.

difference, leaving behind him petty squabbles and factional fights and striving always for the greatest good to the Democratic party. Ollie M. James, Congressman from the First district, has come out of the State Convention which came to an end to-night the undoubted working leader of the Democratic party in Kentucky.

The result of the convention and the way in which the various factions were brought together to work for harmony have stamped Mr. James as the man who is a leader, with all the qualities of a leader, and with the "boys in the trenches" as the man to whom they look as their militant leader in the fight which the party makes.

Mr. James comes out of the convention big in every way; big in brain, big in that he can lay aside his personal preferences and personal feelings to help the Democratic party, and big in that he has the love of the men who makes up the Democratic party in Kentucky, so that his leadership can be followed with confidence.

When he won the fight which he was making, and when he could have crushed those who opposed him, having the power, Mr. James rose superior to a desire for revenge and extended to those who had been op-

ponents the right hand of fellowship and drew up his fallen foes to a place on an equal footing with him, as democrats within the Democratic party. Mr. James would not risk Democratic success and jeopardize the chances of their man, who is a close personal and political friend William J. Bryan, to gratify personal feelings, so he met the other side half way and established, with his able following, all factions in harmony working together for the success of the Democratic ticket.

Bounced to Sidewalk.

New York, June 15.—Bouncing on a sofa beside an open window, four-year-old Willie Wilsiek, living with his parents in East One Hundred and Sixtieth street jumped once too hard yesterday afternoon and the springs tossed him high in the air and through the window. He fell five stories to instant death.

Jokers Start Him on Honey-moon Badly Handicapped.

Perry, Okla., June 15.—With a log chain, to the end of which was attached a cow bell, fastened by lock and secured around his neck, and the key purposely thrown away, Louis Barnes, of Ponca City, with his bride of an hour, Miss Mamie Davis, of Perry, was forced by friends aboard a Pullman coach last night en route to Chicago on their honeymoon trip. It will be necessary to have a link of the chain sawed in order to free Barnes.

BRYAN THE SAVIOR

Says Watterson, Editor of the Courier-Journal.

GIVEN A CORDIAL WELCOME

Several Hundred Democrats Called on Distinguished Visitor—Bryan Headed Line.

SAYS THE NEBRASKAN WILL WIN.

Lincoln, Neb., June 15.—Henry Watterson, the veteran Kentucky Journalist, has declared himself unequivocally for the nomination of William J. Bryan at the coming Denver convention. The Kentucky Journalist came to Lincoln yesterday, to be the personal guest of Mr. Bryan at the latter's country home, Fairview, where he is spending the night, before returning to Louisville. Watterson was the guest of honor at an informal reception in the rotunda of the Lincoln hotel, where several hundred democrats called to pay their respects. Bryan headed the receiving line and introduced each of the callers to the Kentucky editor. Later the assemblage adjourned to the banquet hall, where Watterson publicly reaffirmed his fidelity to Bryan predicting his nomination at Denver and his election in November.

In his address when discussing the history of the party, Watterson said: "We are actually to-day where we left off thirty-two years ago. From the two terms of Cleveland we got nothing except some changes in the personality of the official fabric."

"The tariff is worse than Cleveland found it. He left not a democratic measure of relief and reform on the statute books."

"The robber barons completely ruled the country. Theodore Roosevelt, conceding all our contentions, calls them predatory rich, but by whatever name they go, they are the same public plunderers whom we fought in 1876, and thought we were fighting in 1884, in 1888 and in 1892, and whom, divided by onward conditions and extreme counsels, we ineffectually fought in 1896, in 1900 and in 1904."

"I was not in the country in 1896, and if I had been the situation, in Kentucky at least, might have been different. I could see things but dimly across the ocean."

"I had contended all my life for a sound currency and the public credit for gold and silver and paper convertible into coin on demand, and having fought flat money to a finish, I could not have supported free silver. But gentler agencies might have been found to combat it. It proved at least an incident. It was the merest detail."

"No great party should have been beached on such an issue. That it was not wrecked has been largely due to the steadfast devotion and magnificent endurance of one man to the main idea of the republic versus the plutocracy which underlies all of our democratic conceptions and now

arrived definitely at the front, and that man is William Jennings Bryan of Nebraska.

"His nomination is assured. Likewise, I have faith in his election in November."

Little Girl Drowned

Louise, the little two-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Lovan, of Nortonville, was drowned in a tub of water Tuesday afternoon. The little one was playing in the yard and when the mother went for her she was horrified to find her child dead in the tub. It is thought that she accidentally fell into the water while trying to ascertain what was in the tub.—Princeton Leader.

State Geologist F. J. Fohs to Visit Southern Illinois.

F. Julius Fohs, assistant state geologist, who is at present specializing on fluor spar, used steel manufacture, was in Paducah Friday en route to southern Illinois where he will investigate the fluor spar deposits there.

He is engaged in making researches of Kentucky's deposits and stated that Kentucky has led in the production of mineral for ten years and it exceeds all states in the union in fluor spar.—Paducah News Democrat.

POWERS AND HOWARD

Pardoned by Gov. Willson—Issues Statement Explanatory and Defensive of His Action.

Frankfort, Ky., June 13.—Caleb Powers and James Howard were pardoned this morning by Gov. Willson of the charge of complicity in the murder of William Goebel more than eight years ago in front of State Capital at Frankfort.

Howard was in the penitentiary here when he received the news of the pardon, and immediately prepared to discard his stripes, while Jackson Morris, assistant secretary of State, and Roy Willhelt took the official notification, of the pardon to Caleb Powers at Georgetown jail.

The announcement of the pardon was made this morning at 8:30 o'clock by McKenzie Todd, Gov. Willson's private secretary, and the news spread rapidly. Gov. Willson was not at his office when the news was given out, as he had worked on the case until 2 o'clock this morning. The governor has had the cases under consideration for several months and has given much time to the study of the matter, having had public hearings of both sides in the hall of the house of representative at Frankfort.

According to his own statement the governor has had petitions signed by over 500,000 people, urging the pardons of the two men, and of this number he said there were 240,000 Kentuckians, many of them Democrats.

The governor also pardoned Powers from the indictment of the Franklin circuit court, charging subornation of perjury.

THE MEN RELEASED.

Howard left the prison shortly after 8:30 o'clock, accompanied by John G. White and several other old friends, and went at once to a clothing store to get a new suit of clothes. He went to Louisville on the 9:40 O. & O. train and was escorted to the station by half hundred friends. He gave out the following statement:

"I have no statement to make except that I am deeply grateful that after all these years of imprisonment without just cause I am now liberated. I am under the deepest obligation to the governor for his action and to thousands of friends who have stood

(continued on page eight.)

DAVIS & DAVIS MERCHANT TAILORS and HABERDASHERS FINE SHOES AND HATS. Marion, - - Kentucky.

Denver Is Proud Of Her Big Auditorium and Should be of Course.

Denver, June 5.—Costing \$350,000, with seating capacity for 12,500 people, and containing probably the most perfect heating and ventilating system of any public building of the world, Denver's monster auditorium will throw open its doors June 27th to welcome the long list of conventions to be held in Denver this summer.

The seating arrangements, decorations and other arrangements for the Democratic National Convention which will convene in the auditorium July 7th, have been completed and excepted by the national committee. The hall will accommodate more than 12,000 people and the first floor alone will have 6,000 regular seats. The auditorium is constructed so that the huge stage is near the center of the building, being built on this plan so one half of the structure can be used as a theater, the other half being entirely shut off by the flies and wings of the stage. On the occasion of a big convention the stage scenery and equipments can be elevated to a storage roof and the entire building converted into a huge convention hall, with a balcony circling the whole structure and a large gallery at both ends. The building is 265x200 feet in dimensions and is of the height of a five-story building. It is a great building.

UNCOMMON WISDOM.

Some Marion People Profit by neighbors' Experience.

It's a wise man who profits by the experience of his friends and neighbors. Here is a chance to do it, and every man, woman or child in Marion who knows the misery of a bad back, the nervousness and restlessness caused by kidney complaint or the annoyance of urinary disorders, will show uncommon wisdom to profit by this citizen's advice.

G. W. L. Nesbitt, living on Depot St., Marion, Ky., says: "Kidney disease had reduced me to a chronic invalid. I suffered so severely from this complaint that I was unable to get out of bed and no one can describe the suffering I endured. The kidney secretions were thick, filled with a sediment and my limbs

were badly swollen. The doctor said I had dropsy and held out little hope of my recovery. I could not raise my arms above my head, in fact there was an almost complete paralysis of the right side. I had no hopes of ever getting better when a relative advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills and a box was procured for me at Haynes & Taylor's drug store. I improved from the first and continued taking this remedy until all symptoms from which I had been a victim disappeared. In three months I was a well man and was back at work as usual. That Doan's Kidney Pills is the best kidney remedy in the world I am thoroughly convinced.

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

A Happy Mother.

Will see that her baby is properly cared for—do this a good purgative is necessary. Many babies suffer from worms and their mothers don't know it—if your baby is feverish and doesn't sleep at nights, it is troubled with worms. White's Cream Vermifuge will clean out these worms in a mild pleasant way. Once tried always used. Give it a trial. Price 25 cents. Sold Jas. H. Orme.

For Sale.

One tract of land lying on State road from Marion to Fords Ferry, three miles north of Marion containing about 135 or 140 acres, said land in moderate condition, residence of five rooms, good well in the yard, stock barn 43 feet square, well in barn-yard, pond in field, living creek accessible on west end of farm, average good fence and a nice young orchard. For further information call on or address: J. C. B. McMICHAEL, Marion, Ky.

Will Hunt one Year in The Wilds of Africa.

Washington, June 15.—Important significance in connection with President Roosevelt's determination against a third term is contained in the admission made today for the first time that the President is making definite plans to leave the United States in April next year for Africa, where he will spend a year hunting big game. Rumors that Mr. Roosevelt was to leave the country at the

beginning of his term of office, but when printed hereafter, but when confirmation was sought at the White House the answer has been that no definite conclusion had been made as to the President's plans.

But today it was stated positively that Mr. Roosevelt, with his favorite son, Kermit, would sail from New York to Cairo in April, 1909—just as soon as the necessary arrangements for the departure could be made after March 4th. It is the desire of the President to bring back at the end of the year from the wilds of Africa specimens of every species of big game to be had on the Dark continent. He will visit no other country is stated.

The outfit or the expedition will be obtained on reaching Africa, but an active correspondence in this connection already is under way. The exact size of the hunting party—number of guides and retainers, animals, etc.—has not been determined on. The President, however, will take with him an assortment of arms which he will require in the variety of hunting contemplated. The outfit will include, of course guns of the highest power. During the absence of Mr. Roosevelt in Africa, Mrs. Roosevelt and other members of the family will remain at the family home at Sagamore Hill, Oyster Bay.

Bucklin's Arnica Salve Wins.

Tom Moore of Rural Route No. 1, Cochran, Ga., writes: "I had a bad sore to come on the instep if my foot and could find nothing that would heal it until I applied Bucklin's Arnica Salve. Less than half of a 25c box won the day for me by effecting a perfect cure." Sold under guarantee at Jas. H. Orme and Haynes & Taylor drug store.

The Crittenden Springs Hotel.

Now open for the Season.
F. M. Davidson, Proprietor
Fare as good as the market affords.
The patronage of the public will be appreciated and every effort made to please them.

Bad Attack of Dysentery Cured.

"An honored citizen of this town was suffering from a severe attack of dysentery. He told a friend if he obtain a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, he felt confident of being cured, he having used this remedy in the West. He was told that I kept it in stock and lost no time in obtaining it, and was promptly cured," says M. J. Leach, druggist, of Wolcott, Vt. For sale by Jas. H. Orme.

Difficult Things.

(Chicago News.)
To supply clean aprons for the lapse of time.
To pick the teeth of the wind.
To cure blisters on the heels of misfortune.
To wipe the mouth of a tunnel.
To pull the leg of a yatching course.
To break an arm of the sea.
To comb the head of a river.
To saw off the horn of a dilemma.
To dislocate the backbone of winter.
To fit a collar to a neck of land.
To fit the hounds of a wagon.
To fit braces on the shoulder of a mountain.
To shape a corset to the waist of a ship.
To pry loose the jaws of death.
To remove wrinkles from the brow of a hill.
To bring a flush to a door cheek.
To bring tears to the eye of a potato.
To deafen an ear of corn.
To tell how tired a wagon feels by looking at its tongue.
To tropan the seull of a boat.
To read the lines in a date paint.
To manieure the hands of a clock or even the finger of scorn.
To shingle the roof of one's mouth.

Big Damage Suit Filed at Princeton.

Robt. H. Oliver, of Caldwell county, thru his attorney, Hon. Max N. Hanberry, of this city, has filed suit

the Circuit Court against Sheriff M. U. Lamb, of that county, for \$10,000 for false arrest and detention.

The facts in connection with this suit as reported to us, are about these: Some time ago when a number of warrants were sworn out in Crittenden county against a number of Caldwell county and Trigg and Lyon county citizens charging them with night riding, there was to the Caldwell county bunch of warrants, one for Robt. Oliver. There is a Robt. Oliver and a R. H. Oliver both in that county. We understand that Sheriff Lamb came to the residence of R. H. Oliver about midnight one night and arrested him upon this warrant. Mr. Oliver told him that he was not the man wanted, but the Sheriff said he did not intend to make any mistake and that he was going to arrest them both. So it is alleged in the petition that R. H. Oliver who has been in bad health for some time, was forced to get up and dress and go with the Sheriff, and he and Robt. Oliver were both taken to Marion, where he was held a prisoner until late the next afternoon.

It turned out that the warrant was not for him, but for Robt. Oliver, and now he is suing Sheriff Lamb in the above amount for being wrongfully arrested and taken from his home in the night and in his feeble condition, and taken into another county and held a prisoner until the next afternoon.

How to Cure a Billious Attack

A bilious attack is caused by the fermentation of food in the stomach. A dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will clean out the stomach, reduce the irritation and inflammation of the stomach, which is the cause of the severe headache, strengthen and invigorate the stomach and restore it to a healthy condition. Try them. You are certain to be pleased with the prompt cure which they effect. For sale by J. H. Orme.

Furniture

We carry the most complete line of Coffins, Caskets and Furniture in Crittenden County. Call and get our prices.

Nunn & Tucker

WOMAN'S BACKACHE



The back is the mainpring of woman's organism. It quickly calls attention to trouble by aching. It tells, with other symptoms, such as nervousness, headache, pains in the loins, weight in the lower part of the body, that a woman's feminine organism needs immediate attention. In such cases the one sure remedy which speedily removes the cause, and restores the feminine organism to a healthy, normal condition is

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Mrs. Will Young, of 6 Columbia Ave., Rockland, Me., says: "I was troubled for a long time with dreadful backaches and a pain in my side, and was miserable in every way. I doctored until I was discouraged and thought I would never get well. I read what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had done for others and decided to try it. After taking three bottles I can truly say that I never felt so well in my life."

Mrs. Augustus Lyon, of East Earl, Pa., writes to Mrs. Pinkham: "I had very severe backaches, and pressing-down pains. I could not sleep, and had no appetite. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me and made me feel like a new woman."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN. For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration.

\$5.00

To

Chicago

AND RETURN

VIA ILLINOIS CENTRAL

Saturday, June 20,

From Evansville

FREE CHAIR CARS, SLEEPERS \$1.00 AND \$2.00. **3 TRAINS** G. W. SCHELKE, C. P. & T. A., 126 MAIN STREET, EVANSVILLE, IND.

Tickets Good 3 Days \$7.00 Tickets Good 6 Days

Walter McConnell (Busy Bee Block)

Parlor Barber Shop (James McCabe Assistant.)

Up-to-date Massage for Head or Face. Everything New and Clean. Hot Baths and Steam Heat in Winter. Cold Shower Baths and Electric Fans in Summer. Smooth easy Shave and a Fresh Towel for each Customer. Next door to Postal Telegraph office.

Press Building, Carlisle St., Marion, Ky.

The Best Pills Ever Sold.

"After doctoring 15 years for chronic indigestion and spending over two hundred dollars, nothing has done me as much good as Dr. King's New Life Pills. I consider them the best pills ever sold," writes B. F. Ayette, of Ingleside, N. C. Sold under guarantee at Jas. H. Orme and Haynes & Taylor's drug store.

Proves Good.

Mr. E. V. Christ, Editor of the American Hen, Harrisonburg, Va., says: "We received the Bourbon Poultry Cure and it has proved good by several prominent poultrymen who have used it. Mr. Grayson wanted to sell it for you." Haynes & Taylor.

Weak women should try Dr. Shoop's Night Cure. These soothing, healing, antiseptic suppositories go direct to the seat of these weaknesses. My "Book No. 4 For Women" contains many valuable hints to women, and it is free. Ask Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., to mail it. Ask the Doctor in strictest confidence, any questions you may wish answered. Dr. Shoop's Night Cure is sold by Jas. H. Orme.

Without Alcohol

A Strong Tonic	Without Alcohol
A Body Builder	Without Alcohol
A Blood Purifier	Without Alcohol
A Great Alterative	Without Alcohol
A Doctor's Medicine	Without Alcohol
Ayer's Sarsaparilla	Without Alcohol

Ayer's

Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They act directly on the liver, make more bile secreted. This is why they are so valuable in constipation, biliousness, dyspepsia, sick headache. Ask your doctor if he knows a better laxative pill.

Thinks it Saved Him.

Lester Nelson, Naples, Maine, says in a recent letter: "I have used Dr. King's New Discovery many years, for coughs and colds, and I think it saved my life. I have found it a reliable remedy for throat and lung complaint and I would no more be without a bottle than I would be without food. For nearly forty years New Discovery has stood at the head of throat and lung remedies. As a preventive of pneumonia and header of weak lungs it has no equal. Sold under guarantee at Jas. H. Orme and Haynes & Taylor's drug stores. 50c and \$1.00 Trial bottle free."

Health coffee is really the closest Coffee imitation ever yet produced. This clever coffee substitute was recently produced by Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. Not a grain of real coffee in it either. Dr. Shoop's Health Coffee is made from your toasted grains, with malt roots, etc. Really it would fool an expert—who might drink it for Coffee. No 20 or 30 minutes tedious boiling. "Made in a Minute" says the doctor. Sold by Morris & Yates.

THE CAMPAIGN IS ON

Who Will Be President

To form your opinions and keep in touch with the progress of the campaign, you will need first-class newspapers. We have made a special arrangement, whereby you can get the

Daily Courier-Journal \$1.25
Daily Louisville Times 1.25
Weekly Courier-Journal .35

From Now Until December 1, 1908.

This gives you a live metropolitan paper through the campaign and the election. Order today, as subscription will start with issue of day order is received. No back numbers can be sent. Or you can have the

Crittenden Record-Press

for the six months and either of the above Dailies Until December 1 for only \$1.75.

This special campaign offer is in effect only during June, July and August, and no subscriptions will be received at the reduced rate after August 31 under any circumstance.

Send your subscription to this paper—not to the Courier Journal or Times.

Furniture and Undertaking

My line of Furniture is complete in every respect and consists of the HIGHEST QUALITY and LOWEST PRICES. My line of REED ROCKERS is composed of the latest and most Up-to-Date Styles

See my line of Go-carts.

Coffins, Caskets, Robes and Steel Vaults.

R. F. Dorr,

MARION, KENTUCKY.



T. C. WILLIAMS, REPRESENTING A. B. SODE, Evansville, Indiana. MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.

The best material furnished and the latest machinery money will buy used. The prices we make can not be met.



FRENCH MARKET COFFEE

HOW WOULD YOU LIKE
\$100 In Gold—\$100?

Everyone who sends us in a list of English words made up of any, or all, of the letters in

"FRENCH MARKET COFFEE"

will receive a present. The one sending in the greatest list of words will be given One Hundred Dollars in Gold. Hundreds of other valuable presents will be given free to contestants.

For list of presents and particulars regarding contest, ask your grocer, or write to

CONTEST DEPARTMENT
NEW ORLEANS COFFEE CO., LTD.
NEW ORLEANS



Do not suffer
with severe
Headaches
when

HERBINE

Will Cure You.

The liver is the main-spring for the whole body. To expect good health, one must keep the liver in good order. To do so, a regulator is needed. Herbine will put your liver in the condition it should be and you will not suffer from headaches.

A POSITIVE CURE
FOR CONSTIPATION, CHILLS AND
FEVER, BILIOUSNESS, MALARIA
AND ALL LIVER COMPLAINTS.

Has Done A World Of Good.

Mrs. C. D. Philley, Marble Falls, Texas, writes: "I have used Herbine and find it the best liver corrective I have ever tried. It done my family as well as myself a world of good, and I recommend it to all my friends. I never suffer from headaches anymore."

SO WILL BUY IT.

Ballard Snow Liniment Co.
500-502 N. Second St., ST. LOUIS, MO.

Sold and Recommended by
James H. Orme, Marion, Ky.

L. G. TAYLOR, D. V. S.

I am prepared to render the best professional services in all diseases of stock.

Calls answered any time, day or night.

Telephone 321 MARION, KY.

Girlhood and Scott's Emulsion are linked together.

The girl who takes Scott's Emulsion has plenty of rich, red blood; she is plump, active and energetic.

The reason is that at a period when a girl's digestion is weak, Scott's Emulsion provides her with powerful nourishment in easily digested form.

It is a food that builds and keeps up a girl's strength.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND \$1.00.

IN A JAPANESE THEATER

The Funny Things One Sees
in
Smiling Round the World

By
MARSHALL P. WILDER

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

The theater has always been a favorite form of recreation among the Japanese, and especially beloved of the Japanese woman, for it is her only amusement, and the only public place where she may accompany her husband.

The theater of old Japan, with its strutting, legendary heroes, its ancient costumes, and actors who carried their own lanterns in order to light the expressions of their faces, is practically a thing of the past. While many of the old customs still survive, modern inventions and appliances have been grafted upon them to the effect of producing some startling contrasts. The Japs, eager to grasp European ideas and fashions, have made use of some, but left many as they have been for generations.

We may go at any hour, so suppose we start at five. On our way, we are sure to see every characteristic of street life. The Japanese, in their eagerness to adopt European ways and customs, have swallowed such a large meal they are not able to digest it; and no better illustration of this can be found than their pretentious and truly wonderful street signs. As a specimen of English as she is Japped, the following, culled from a choice, and I might say, startling, collection, is respectfully submitted. The spelling and punctuation are especially worth noting:

On a baker's cart:
BY CAKE & A PIECE OF BREAD.
Over a ladies' tailor shop:
DRAPE, MILLINER & LADIES
OUTFITTER.

The ribbons, the laces, the veils, the feelings, (drillings?)
Over a furniture shop:
CHAIR, COUCHON, (couch?) & MAT-
TRES (Matters?)

On a dairy window:
PEST MILK. (rather alarming, but probably means BEST).

On a drugstore:
BEST PERFUMING WATER ANTI-
PLEA.

Over a laundry:
We most cleanly and carefully wash our customers with cheap prices as under.
Ladies eight shillings per hundred. Gentlemen seven shillings.

A dentist's sign:
NOTES.

Our tooth is a very important organ for human life and countenance as you know; therefore when it is attacked by disease or injury, artificial tooth is also very useful.

Japan instead of coffee:
More men is got drops of the legs who use (use?) this coffee, which is contain nourish.

Photographer's studio:
PHOTOGRAPHER EXECUTED.
Over a barber shop:
HEAD CUTTER.

Over a tailor's:
THE EUROPEAN MONKEY JACKET
MADE FOR THE JAPANESE.

I reserve the gems of the collection for the last.
FRESH, BUTTER, CREAM, MILK.
(Fresh Butter, Cream, Milk.)

Over an egg shop:
EXTRACT OF FOWL.

Our rickshaws stop, and our men light their paper lanterns. It seems absurd to have a paper lantern for practical use, but the little candles of



Keeps Drinking from a Bottle.

greenish gray was burn steadily, and give a clear light. We meet many people carrying paper lanterns, so we see that what has always been to us merely a thing for decoration only, is in this toy-box of a country an article for practical use.

Having reached the theater, quite an imposing building of stone, we enter the lobby.

(A man and a woman are on the stage, she crying, and he trying to comfort her.) Our guide explains to us that she has been about to commit

suicide because of the financial ruin of her husband.

The part of the woman is played by Takata, one of the greatest impersonators of women in Japan. There are no actresses, all the parts being assumed by men. This particular actor is so conscientious, that, in order to retain the atmosphere of his impersonations, while at home he dresses, talks acts, and generally comports himself as a woman would.

Danjuro, the most famous impersonator of women in Japan, is reported to have made up so perfectly as a girl of 17, when he was 65 years old, that when he went to his own house and asked to see Danjuro, his wife did not know him, and in a fit of jealous anger, berated him for a shameless girl, coming there to see her husband.

Her husband approaches, and the old man runs off, across the "Flowerly Way," begging her not to let his charity be known.

The husband is suspicious, and asks her why she was talking with that man. Her promise given, she cannot answer, and after a fiery scene, he



Actors Who Carried Their Own Lanterns.

spurns her, and the curtain is drawn, to the solemn banging of a drum, and the high pitched mournful song of some one in the distance.

Danjuro owns the finest curtain in Japan, presented to him by the Gishka of Tokio, who each gave a hundred yen. It is of silk, embroidered as only Japanese know how, and to see, well worth the price of admission.

The entire lower floor of the theater is divided into little boxes, about four feet square, by partitions not more than four or five inches high. About five yen are paid for these boxes, and they hold four people, who kneel on matting rugs.

The best seats are the boxes along the sides of the balcony, which also hold four people, and cost six yen. As a yen is worth 50 cents of American money, it may be seen that the prices of Japanese theaters, by comparison with those of Europe or America, are very reasonable.

At this juncture our ears are assailed by the most heart-rending sounds that chill the blood in our veins. It is the European orchestra. The smiling guide tells us: "European orchestra very nice—Japanese people like very much!"

"Who's meddled mit my drom-bone?" roars a musician.

"O! did," said Paddy. "Here ye've been for two hours tryin' to pull it apart, an' O! did it in wan minut!"

A sharp noise, made by striking two pieces of hard wood together, announces that the next act is about to begin. The intervals between acts are usually about ten minutes.

As the curtain is drawn aside, the pieces of wood tap together faster and faster, until the stage is disclosed.

This time it is a house, the front open, chrysanthemums growing about the door. At intervals the shrill note of an insect is heard.

Sata, the great actor, is seated on the floor; he is in a state of intoxication, and keeps drinking from a bottle in front of him.

His father-in-law is pleading with him to grant a divorce to his daughter, as his constant intoxication and ill-treatment of her are hard to bear. The drunkard refuses, and the scene between the men is a powerful one, a knowledge of the language being unnecessary in order to appreciate their really great acting.

The revolving stage, used in all Japanese theaters, is seen in this act, as the entire stage turns, bringing into view a different scene, the old man's house.

The play proceeds through several acts, to a European or American, in rather a disjointed manner, and without much sequence, but with no lack of fine acting.

Just before the last act, the ushers bring in the sandals and cloths that have been checked, so there will be no confusion and delay when the theater is out.

But three days are allowed for rehearsal, and in that time they must be better perfect, for a Japanese audience is a critical one.

Approval is announced by clapping the hands, but audible comments are frequent.

When we go out, our rickshaws, men, wrapped in their furs, hurry from the gallery where they have been enjoying the play. The orchestra and the electric lights are not the only innovations in this theater. The idea of a play of modern Japanese life is entirely new, and we were fortunate in seeing the first performance of one of the few modern plays ever enacted in Japan.

NEED OF COUNTRY

TRIUMPH OF DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES IS IMPERATIVE.

THE MAN AND THE HOUR.

With the Nomination of John A. Johnson, Progressive Democrat of Integrity, Ability and Achievement, Success is Assured.

Wearied of 12 years of overwhelming defeat in national elections, during which time the party has lost national political control of every northern state and has witnessed devastating inroads even on the southern states, hundreds of thousands of Democratic voters have in the last few months asked: "Who is the man who can lead the party to victory?"

The best of armies, military or political, require some measure of success to maintain their spirit and efficiency. Continuous and overwhelming defeat, even in the worst of causes, disheartens the strongest men.

Conditions are such in this year 1908, that a united Democracy, supporting a strong presidential nominee, can win the presidential office and open the way for a return of the Democratic party to power. Not only do the best interests of the Democratic party call for a victory this year, but so also do the best interests of the nation. Twelve years of almost unopposed government of the republic by one party, and for eight of those years practically by one man, have brought about conditions that are repugnant to the efficient and satisfactory administration of a government supposedly of the people.

Principles with Victory.

Victory can be achieved this year, without sacrificing one iota of the stand for principle that has been made with so much sacrifice by the Democratic party of the United States for the last dozen years. It is merely a question of changing leadership. Three times in succession our party has gone to defeat, because its leadership has not been able to inspire confidence in the masses of the voters, patriotic, progressive and sincere as that leadership has unquestionably been. The party is greater than its individual membership and greater than its leadership. The time has come when it should name its leader in a presidential campaign and no longer permit itself to be defeated by a sentimental, though heretic, devotion to a great name that has dominated it for a dozen years.

If in the ranks of the party there is a man whose principles, whose party fealty, whose success in political battles, whose actual achievements in legislation and statesmanship—and a man holding a commanding political situation—are such that victory under his leadership is indicated, is it not the duty of reasonable, thoughtful, devoted Democrats, desiring the success of their party, to turn to him?

Johnson the Man.

The friends of Gov. John A. Johnson of Minnesota, who have watched his remarkable career in recent years, as well as impartial observers and journalists throughout the country, believe that he is the man of the hour, the man in every way equipped to make a successful campaign, and afterward to be a chief executive of the highest order. Let us briefly review his career.

John A. Johnson was born in St. Peter, Nicollet county, Minnesota, July 28, 1861, of Swedish parents. His childhood and youth were passed in great poverty. At 13 years of age, he was compelled to leave the public schools of his native city, in order to support himself and the parental family. Though his formal education was thus early cut short, his self-education never stopped. A student at all times, a wide reader and a thoughtful one, Mr. Johnson, after some years of obscure toil as a drug and grocery clerk and railway time-keeper, became at the age of 24 editor of the St. Peter Herald. He soon became known as one of the ablest of Minnesota journalists and was recognized as one of the leaders of journalism in a state remarkable for the number, vigor and influence of its periodical press. As a country editor, he was gradually drawn into politics and in 1896 was elected a member of the senate of the Minnesota legislature, and his first public political work was as a member of that body. From the first, he was identified with various reform measures, which have since become law in Minnesota.

Wherever Gov. Johnson has gone, he has impressed men as being a man of the Lincoln type. He has the faculty of making many friends and few enemies.

Gov. Johnson's Legislative Results. The governor recommended a permanent tax commission. The legislature gave it to him and the ink was hardly dry on the document before he appointed a commission so strong in its personnel that the Republican senate resolved by a rising vote to confirm the appointments without delay, while the equally Republican house, though without the power of confirmation, expressed by a rising vote its appreciation of the excellence of the governor's appointments.

In northern Minnesota are the great iron ore fields in the world. The state of Minnesota owns extensive areas of these lands. By leases they were largely in the hands of the United States Steel Corporation and the state was receiving only an insignificant income from its royalties. The governor advised the withdrawal of all such lands from mineral leases and the legislature concurred.

Minnesota has enjoyed but scant in-

come from the wealth of the privately owned iron mines. The governor recommended a royalty tax on the output of these mines. He did not get it, but the United States Steel Corporation established a \$20,000,000 steel plant at Duluth.

The newly created tax commission, together with the state board of equalization, which preceded it (the members of which were appointed by Governor Johnson), have in the four years of Governor Johnson's administration increased the assessed valuation of the steel corporation's iron ore holdings in Minnesota from \$2,000,000 to \$150,000,000.

The sleeping-car companies of Minnesota had never paid taxes in Minnesota in proportion to their earnings. The governor recommended a change in the system of taxing these companies and a satisfactory law was enacted. Similarly, a rational law as to mortgage taxation was enacted.

Railway Regulation.

Taking up freight rates, Governor Johnson in a powerful speech so exhaustively and conclusively bared existing unequal and exorbitant rates that the railway companies voluntarily made a reduction of ten per cent. on grain rates on their lines in northern Minnesota. By order of the railway commission, reinforced by subsequent legislation, this voluntary reduction was followed by a horizontal reduction in maximum freight rates of about 18 per cent., and there was created a new class of merchandise tariff in which the rates were reduced about 20 per cent. The railways took these reductions into the United States courts, by enjoining the attorney general of Minnesota from enforcing the law. This action has opened up some of the most important litigation involving constitutional interpretation that has come before the supreme court in this generation.

The Two-Cent Law.

The enactment of the two-cent passenger tariff law was an example of Governor Johnson's caliber of action. Invited to address the Minnesota Editorial association, instead of making the usual platitudinous address on such occasions, "He exploded the two-cent bomb" and urged that an end be put to the giving of passes. He talked on the same subject to a convention of commercial travelers. Immediately the state was aflame with this innovation in railway legislation. When the legislature met, he asked for a law embodying this idea and the legislature quickly responded. Neighboring states followed with reductions, and now throughout the middle northwest the two-cent rate prevails.

About the time Governor Johnson came into office there was a widespread agitation for reciprocal demurrage laws, which would compel railways to allow shippers demurrage charges for failure to deliver cars on time. Governor Johnson, ever abreast of popular progress, recommended such a law and got it.

Thanks to his initiative, the orders of the Minnesota Railroad and Warehouse commission are now immediately effective, pending appeal.

In Defense of Labor.

Governor Johnson, in consonance with his thorough democracy, and believing in equal rights, has not been neglectful of the interests of labor. He desired a free state employment bureau designed to eliminate the many abuses that have marked private employment bureaus in the great labor centers of Minnesota. Such a bureau was created and has been thoroughly helpful and widely efficient.

Since time immemorial, that relic of feudalism, the common law doctrine of non-liability of employer to employee for injuries occurring through the negligence of a fellow-servant has prevailed in Minnesota, as well as in many other states. "This ancient rule of the common law," said Gov. Johnson, "coupled with the other rule generally referred to as the doctrine of the assumption of risk by employee, has cast upon the individual laborer a risk and responsibility out of proportion to the wages he receives."

During his term of office Gov. Johnson has had to deal with one great conflict between labor and capital, namely, the strike of the miners on the Minnesota Iron ranges. By direct personal intervention, by advice to the employers on the one hand and the strikers on the other, the governor succeeded, without the use of state troops, in preventing violence and bloodshed.

In the forests and prairies of northern Minnesota are great extents of fertile land, which, owing to lack of drainage, have not been available for cultivation. Thanks to Gov. Johnson, additional legislation on this subject was secured, and hundreds of thousands of acres of fertile land will be added to the rolls of the state's wealth.

Gov. Johnson believes in the municipal ownership of public utilities, and, following his suggestion, a modified form of the Illinois Mueller law was adopted by the Minnesota legislature. Under its provisions a municipality may bond its street railways or other public utilities to pay the cost of the purchase and operation of the same.

Minnesota, a leading agricultural state, has long had to contend with the cordage trust, which has a practical monopoly of the binding twine used in harvesting. For many years the state has had a twine plant in which prison labor was employed. The trust erected a factory in Minnesota to compete with the state-made twine and Gov. Johnson's answer was, with the consent of the legislature, authorization for the state twine plant to sell its product outside as well as within the state. The cordage trust will now have to fight the cheap Minnesota state-made twine in other states as well as at home.

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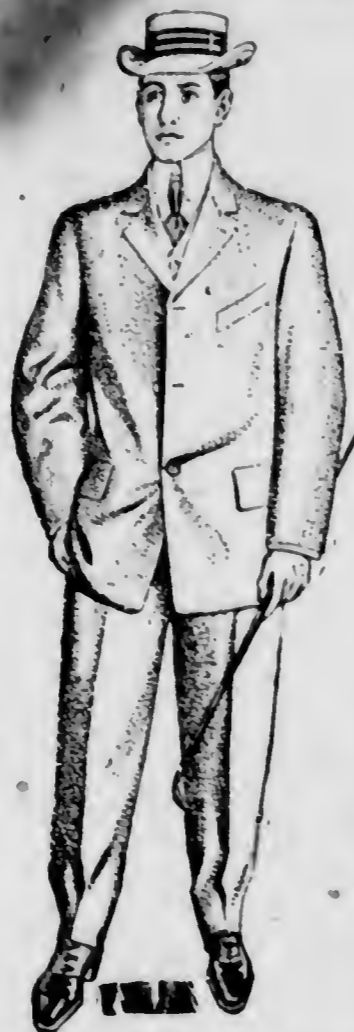
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To Fit All Feet.
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THURSDAY, JUNE 18, 1908.

For a generation or so people thought they couldn't do business and be courteous at one and the same time. Then came a decided reaction and it was discovered that the two were not necessarily deadly enemies.

Following this courteous-in-business idea, came the "Do it Now" motto and its followers. Desks from Maine to California and from Michigan to Florida were covered with these ideas, until the country seemed to be actually dripping mercantile blood from the spur wounds made by these new incentives to business-getting and business holding.

Now, however, the pendulum is swinging back again and as with every swing it is getting results. There is only one thing better than "Do it Now"—and that is don't well. For it still holds good that what we do in haste we sometimes have to do over again and to do it right and well in the beginning, even if it is not done now, saves doing it twice—once in a hurry, the second time in the way it should be done. Suppose you add to your mottoes, then, "Do it Right."

Letter From M. E. Pogue.

Frederonia, Ky., June 15th, 1908.
Editor, RECORD-PRESS

Marion, Ky.,

Friend Marshall:—Since the appearance of the article in your paper last week taking issue with Judge Blackburn in regard to the soldiers being on duty in your city, I for some reason have been regarded by many as the author of the same, and been congratulated for the stand I took in the matter. I do not know why I should be suspected of doing a thing which at this time might be considered by some as treasonable utterances, unless that it be that I have heretofore worried your readers with some of my scribbling.

I did not write the article as the real author knows, and I would be far from plucking the laurel that should adorn the brow of another, also, I am not seeking the blame or criticism that may be rained upon

the author of that article.

However, I shall say something along with this disclaimer that you may know my views on the deplorable conditions that exist in our state and county.

As to the soldiers not being needed at any place in our county I feel that there is an agreement that is almost unanimous, and I have not found a single citizen who expresses himself that they are really necessary to protect the life, liberty or property of a single individual in the county.

The work of the night rider in this county was finished sometime ago when the possibility of any one handling tobacco independently was wiped out by the growers themselves putting their 1908 crop in the pool. And it is a pity that they did not set one year sooner, thereby saving our county the pitiable plight of being heralded before the nation by a subsidized press as a county full of lawbreakers, and every time they visit our beloved county seat which they have builded—every brick, every stone and every layer of mortar paid for by the fruits of their toil—they are forced to look upon the bristling bayonets of a soldiery whose mission no one has been able to fathom, the cause of their coming is past finding out, and the day of their departure is clouded in the dim distant future.

No one doubts that the county administration is acting within its legal and constitutional scope in continuing the presence of these soldiers. I do think that they are acting under a misunderstanding of the situation based perhaps upon information only calculated to deceive. And the real harm done already to our county seat from a business standpoint, and the bitterness engendered by the presence of militia who are daily becoming more obnoxious to our people will take many years to obliterate. It is also deplorable that a breach has opened by the same cause between the people of the town and country, which at one time was well nigh impassable, but the conditions are now better, and we should cultivate it to the extent that we could co-operate with our friends every where regardless of where they live. Because, I feel that the present condition of affairs are thrust upon us all alike.

We have a condition that is hard to comprehend—a people being protected against an imaginary enemy, and that against their own will, and we of this section of old Crittenden do not feel that the text: "The wicked flee when no man pursueth" applies to us, because we are not running, even if we are bad.

The solution of this problem lies in the people, only the most arbitrary and tyrannical rulers will persist in a form of government that is obnoxious

to its people. We have but few examples of those who would not finally hearken to the thunderous appeals of public sentiment. One of the gentry old king George who quartered his soldiers up on the good people of Boston until a fight was precipitated between them and a people who would stand their taunts no longer, then the streets were bathed in blood. The sun rose on the gory fields of Lexington ushering in seven year war, to set at last on the conquering heroes of Yorktown. But we must gain bloodless victories, we must remain within the pale of the law. We can only protest, petition and hope in these days of military madness. Our day will come when we can claim our own, Anglo-Saxon blood never gets entirely cold, we still have strains of crimson tide that flowed upon a hundred fields of the old world coursing through our veins. But centuries have given us moderation and learned us conservatism and by that we will win victories yet that will astonish the world. Military shackles that are being now wrought in county, state and nation will be burst asunder and liberated America will walk forth to take over a heritage that has so long been held in trust by self appointed guardians of their liberties.

It is entirely with the producers of wealth in this land as to how long they will be enslaved. The farmers and their friends and co-laborers have the situation with in their grasp, and thorough organization is what we need. Join some kind of a farmers organization and march with your neighbors to victory. Every local of the Equity or Farmer Association you set up, you have approached one measure further toward the enemies break-work. The tobacco fight has been won. In the Society of Equity and the Planters Protective Association the tobacco trust has found a foe worthy of its steel, and is now begging quarter on bended knee. It can be so in all other products if the farmers will only stick to their organization and back up their executive officers and counsel peace and harmony with all others friendly to our cause. The trust have but one hope and that is that the organizations will be awed by the appearance of soldiers loaded down with high pressure rifles, fixed bayonets and magazine pistols until they will let their organizations go to pieces, and that in a few months they will again buy our tobacco for three and nothing.

If you don't believe in soldiers enter a protest, keep cool, keep the law on your own side, always remember that the soldier has license to kill and is under order of his superior to whom he is responsible, and that it never pays to fool with a thing that is loaded. Under ordinary circumstances the appearance of a soldier in his war paint suggests the existence of a real enemy very near whom he is out to destroy. But, I feel that our Crittenden county warriors mean no harm to us, and do earnestly hope that they will never be called upon to exhibit their

prowess upon the field of Mars, but that good victuals, good clothes and the state treasury will be the only victims of their steel. I am yours for peace and prosperity.
MARION E. POGUE.

Ministers and Members Meeting.

The Ministers and Members meeting of the Ohio River Association of Baptists met with Cave Spring Baptist church, Livingston county, Ky., May 29th, 1908.

At 10 o'clock former Moderator Elder R. A. LaRue called the body to order. Music by the choir and prayer by Bro. P. A. Clarke. On motion Bro. R. A. LaRue was re-elected Moderator by acclamation. B. P. Clark was elected by acclamation. Program was then taken up. On motion of Bro. J. S. Henry to reverse the program beginning with subject.

Bro. R. A. LaRue offered an amendment to except the introductory sermon. After remarks by Bros. C. T. Clarke, W. R. Gibbs, R. A. LaRue and others the motion carried. At 11:15 the introductory sermon was preached by Rev. W. R. Gibbs from Rev. 12 after sermon music by choir. On motion of Bro. J. S. Henry adjourned to meet at 1:30 p.m.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON.

House called to order, music by choir, prayer by Bro. J. S. Henry. Program was then taken up. Subject: How Should a Church Proceed in Securing a Pastor. Rev. F. C. Carter, Rev. Carter being absent Bro. J. S. Henry was assigned the subject. After comment by Bro. Henry received for criticism. Remarks by Bros. W. R. Gibbs, R. A. LaRue C. T. Clarke and others.

"Duties of a Church to a Pastor." Bro. I. G. Hughes. He being absent Bro. Frank Padon was assigned the subject. Comment by Bro. Padon. Remarks by Bros. T. A. Conway, J. S. Henry, W. R. Gibbs and others. Subject passed.

"Duties of a Pastor to His Church."

Bro. E. B. Blackburn, absent. Rev. W. R. Gibbs was assigned the subject. After comment, received for criticism. Remarks by Bros. J. S. Clarke, T. A. Conway, R. A. LaRue and others. On motion of Bro. C. T. Clarke adjourned to meet Saturday at 8:30 a.m.

SATURDAY MORNING.

House called to order, music by choir, prayer by Bro. E. M. Eaton. New business called for. On motion of Bro. P. A. Clarke speeches limited to ten minutes, after which program was taken up. "Compare the Baptist Churches of today with the Apostolic Churches"—Rev. T. A. Conway. As usual, Rev. Conway had given the subject careful study and read an able essay. Received for criticism. Remarks by Bros. W. R. Gibbs, R. A. LaRue, P. A. Clarke

and others.

Exegesis of II John 10-11—Rev. R. A. LaRue. His essay on this scripture was both interesting and instructive. Essay received for criticism, remarks by Bros. E. M. Eaton, T. A. Conway, C. T. Clarke and others. Music by choir. At 11 o'clock sermon for criticism, preached by Rev. E. M. Eaton from Psalms 110. Received for criticism, remarks by Bros. J. S. Henry, T. A. Conway, W. R. Gibbs and others. On motion of Bro. P. A. Clarke adjourned to meet at 1:30 p.m.

Benediction by Bro. T. A. Conway.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

House called to order, music by choir, prayer by Rev. W. R. Gibbs. Should the Churches of this Association have every Sunday Preaching—Rev. J. B. McNeely. He being absent Rev. C. T. Clarke was assigned the subject. After Rev. Clarke's comment on the subject, remarks by Revs. Glad Threlkeld, J. S. Henry, R. A. Clarke and others.

Exegesis of John 11:5—Rev. C. T. Clarke. He read an able essay in explanation of this scripture. Essay received for criticism, remarks by Revs. G. N. McGrew, Frank Padon and others.

Song by choir—Rock of Ages.

Was the Commission given to Churches or Individuals?—M. E. Miller. Rev. Miller being absent Bro. T. A. Conway was assigned the subject. Comment by Rev. Conway remarks by Revs. R. A. LaRue, J. S. Henry, W. R. Gibbs and others. On motion adjourned to meet at 8 a.m. Sunday.

SUNDAY MORNING.

House called to order, music by choir, prayer by Rev. P. A. Clarke. Program taken up.

On motion of Rev. W. R. Gibbs the Sunday School lesson was read and commented on by Revs. E. M. Eaton, W. R. Gibbs, T. A. Conway and others.

God's Tenth—Elder J. S. Henry. The essay read was able and forceful, 'twas one of the best read during the meeting. Essay received for criticism, remarks by Revs. Clarence Long, Frank Padon, T. A. Conway and others. After Rev. Henry's essay talks by Revs. Conway, Gibbs and Henry on the subject of Missions were very interesting.

A collection was then taken for Missions and \$66.75 was collected.

On motion of Rev. W. R. Gibbs the District Board was requested to have Rev. J. S. Henry's essay published in the Western Recorder.

The Moderator appointed Revs. T. A. Conway, G. N. McGrew and Frank Padon as committee to arrange a program for next Ministers and Members Meeting.

The committee on resolutions made the following report:

RESOLVED, That this body extend

its thanks to the church and community for the hospitable entertainment which they have given us during this meeting. On motion of Rev. G. N. McGrew the meeting adjourned.

Benediction by Rev. W. R. Gibbs.
REV. R. A. LARUE, Moderator.
REV. P. A. CLARKE, Clerk.

The Clever Man Doesn't Need a Wife.

Only in certain circumstances would a clever man actually need a clever wife—or any wife, but if he wants one, then the cleverer she is the better, provided always that her cleverness is of the right brand—a complement, not a likeness of his. For example, says Eden Phillips, in the July Delineator, it is obvious that an unbusinesslike man will be happier for a capable companion with a mathematical head, that a shy, reserved and morbid man will be easier for a wife with social gifts and common sense, that a bear of a man will be better for a she-bear with tact and intuition and the skill that evokes catastrophe, bridges deficiencies of manners, heals the unintentional wounds of bluntness and native brutality.

In other words, the clever man is all the better for a wife who can act as armor to his own weak spots. So is every sort of man.

NOTICE.

Having sold my store in Toledo to J. B. Harris & Co. I wish now to collect all out standing accounts. Those indebted to me for medical or for medical services, are requested to settle same promptly in cash or by note. Thanking all for courtesies and patronage. I am your friend,
H. H. CLEMENT.

Bryan Gives His Wife Credit.

Before the Bryans had as much as they have now, they lived in a little frame house on a muddy street in Lincoln, on his country lawyer's income of \$1,500 a year, says Mable Potter Daggett, in the July Delineator. You just naturally speak of them as "the Bryans," for through all of the man's career, the woman has kept at his side. "We always do everything together, my wife and I," he says with a pride that has never waned. Long ago, just after their marriage, she studied law and was admitted to the bar. She did not practice law, but to be able "to help Will." She has read her way through all the political economy that he teaches. Once on the front stoop of his little house he had been making a political speech to a crowd of admiring constituents who cheered him and then "the next first lady of the land." "Gentlemen," he called above the cheering, as he reached an arm around her waist, "she is already the first lady of the land for me."



A POINTER FOR YOU



Where **QUALITY RANKS FIRST** is a point for you to Consider before you buy. We make quality the first consideration in buying to supply your needs, and last but not least, you will find our **PRICES RIGHT**.

We have already passed any previous Seasons' Sales on Clothing. People realize that

High Quality Clothing

at reasonable prices is much cheaper in the end, than the "SHODDY" kind at any price. We please you first in quality, then in Price. What more can you want?

We have some broken lots in Suits and "Extra" Pants to close out at

Extra Bargains.



Carpets

Druggets

Rugs and

Mattings

Lace Curtains

Curtain Swiss

Window Shades

and Curtains.

Get Our

Prices First.

Quality Counts

In Dress Goods and Waisting Too.

You will find that our

line of Silks, Wool

Taffetas, Panamas,

Wool and Silk Voiles,

French Serges, Plain

and Fancy Suitings,

Organdies, Batistes,

Lawns, and Dimities

are unsurpassed in

the county, and we

do not hesitate to

make the price low

enough.

Oh Yes!

MORE HATS.

They sell for they have

Style

and

Quality

Combined, and that is just the thing that suits all.

If you want a bargain in a Genuine Panama Hat, just come in and say so "We'll Sight You."

Complete line of Ladies Misses and Childrens PARASOLS.

OUR

Oxfords

AND

Shoes

are trade winners, for if you buy them once, you will not only buy them again, but you will tell your friends of their Value and advise them to buy them.

Quality Wins!

We have some extra values in Ladies Oxfords at 95c per pair, and all White Oxfords in Ladies and Children at one-half price.

Long Silk Gloves

TAYLOR & CANNAN

Warner Corsets



F. W. Nunn, dentist, Press Building

Ralph Davidson, of Corydon is visiting Archie Davidson this week.

FOR RENT—A house, with four rooms for rent. Apply to Miss Martha Henry.

Misses Shaw of Cadiz were the guests of their sister, Mrs. R. L. Davis last week.

Mrs. Mollie Travis and daughter Miss Mae, are visiting, Mrs. Sherdie Debow at Fredonia.

J. F. Dodge returned Tuesday from a trip to New Mexico. He is well pleased with the country.

Mr. P. H. Neblett of Turners, Ky., is visiting Virgil Moore. The boys were school-mates at Lexington.

Misses Annie Pools, of Malvern, Ark., Bulah Allison and Mary Cunningham, of Princeton, are the guests of Mrs. W. D. Cannan.

FOR SALE—Good dwelling house property well located in Marion Kentucky. Price \$450.00. Will take a horse in part pay. JOHN A. MOORE.

Miss Maude Gilliland returned Friday from Rolling Fork, Miss., where she had been the guest of her brother Clyde Gilliland, for several weeks.

Miss Ruby James returned Friday morning from Webster City, Iowa, where she had been visiting for two weeks. She was accompanied home by her niece and nephew, Ada and Lennel Ford, who will spend the summer here.

The Farmers Educational and Co-operative Union will hold a meeting here at the Court House tomorrow, [Friday] night June 19th.

The Marion Ice and Cold Storage Co., is shipping a car of ice every 2nd day, about fifteen cars a month and has orders ahead for all the surplus they can make for the next six weeks. They take care of home first and then let those out of town who handled their ice last season and who are clamoring for it again, have the surplus. The ice plant is one of Marion's most important enterprises and deserves home support.

WHY PAY RENT?

We will build you a home, \$1,000, \$2,000, \$3,000, \$4,000 or \$5,000.

STANDARD TRUST COMPANY

Incorporated. Authorized Capital \$100,000

For further particulars see

J. C. WALLACE, Marion, Ky.

F. W. Nunn, dentist, Press Building

E. M. McFee returned Sunday from Partales, New Mexico.

Mrs. Fannie Walker left Monday for Chicago, where she will visit her mother for several weeks.

LOST.—A gold brooch set with pearls. Finder will be rewarded if returned to me.

Mrs. R. W. Wilson.

Lee Gray, of Lyon county, and President Robert Johnson will assist in forming a local of the Farmers' Union at Caldwell Springs to night.

Don't fail to see the moving picture show at the Opera House every night.

Miss Laura Hurley, who has been at Grandville, Tenn., as trimmer, returned home Wednesday night.

Mrs. C. A. William and little daughter, Louise, are the guests of her parents, Rev. and Mrs. R. C. Love.

Mrs. M. H. Jones left last week for Sheldon, Mo., where she will spend the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Yandell are attending the Inter-National Sunday School Convention in Louisville this week.

I am agent for the Morganfield laundry, guarantee first class work give me a trial. Enoch Fritts.

T. J. Cameron, who has a position at Nashville with the Postal Telegraph company is visiting his mother, Mrs. H. A. Cameron.

Mrs. J. W. Robinson and Mr. J. E. Maddox of Calvert City, who have been the guest of Mrs. Maggie Terry left Monday for home.

Miss Lydia Kuykendall of Princeton, was the guest of Miss Allie Wilborn Sunday.

What of the business man who will preach against the mail order houses and then order his ice from another city when the home plant is running.

Schwab the produce man always makes business and work for some one. He is now handling wool and has about a dozen hands picking burrs out of it. He has already received 5000 lbs.

Leave your laundry at S. H. Ramage's Tin Shop.

James B. Harris & Co., have bought out the general store of Dr. I. H. Clement at Tolu and will conduct a cash store and keep up the stock and try to supply the trade with everything needed by the people of that section.

Mrs. G. C. Gray left Monday at noon for Nazareth academy, to attend the graduating exercises of her daughter Miss Ellis. She will stop for a few days visit in Louisville enroute Nazareth is in Nelson county near Bardstown.

Mrs. Rice, of Madisonville, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. C. E. Metz.

To spend a pleasant evening attend the Electric Theatre.

Forman T. C. Stone and Harry Steel, of the Crittenden Record-Press were in the city Sunday, while here paid the Leader office a pleasant call.—Princeton Leader.

Rev. F. P. Ramsey, of Clarksville, one of the faculty of the "South Western university" and an eminent divine, delivered two splendid sermons Sunday morning and evening at the Presbyterian church.

S. M. Jenkins left Wednesday to accompany his mother, Mrs. Mary A. Jenkins, of Eddyville, to Louisville to visit his sister, St. Mary Genevieve at the convent of the Sisters of Mercy.

Miss Madeline Jenkins left Monday for Louisville where she will visit her aunt St. Mary Genevieve at the "Academy of our Lady of Mercy," on Broadway. On Thursday she will attend the Commencement exercises at Nazareth academy where Miss Ellis Gray graduates.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to extend our thanks to all our friends and neighbors for their kind ministrations to our brother and nephew, Thomas Ross Arlack, in his recent illness and death, and especially the farmers' union local.

SEE ARELACK, W. H. ARELACK.

James to go to Lincoln, at Bryan's invitation.

Hon. O. M. James has been invited and has accepted the invitation to speak at Lincoln, Neb., on the 3rd of July.

Notice.

E. G. Thompson secretary of Stemming District Tobacco Association will be in Marion to meet farmers who are interested in the 1907 crop and to pay them their dividend. Monday and Tuesday June 22nd and 23rd. Please bring receipts, will be at the association factory.

The Crittenden Springs Hotel.

Now open for the Season.

F. M. Davidson, Proprietor

Fare as good as the market affords.

The patronage of the public will be appreciated and every effort made to please them.



Last Monday night the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Moore in East Marion, was the scene of much pleasure, Virgil Moore gave a lawn party in honor of his guest, Mr. Neblett, of Turners, Ky. Quite a crowd attended this enjoyable affair. Mrs. Levi Cook assisted Mrs. Moore in serving the refreshments which consisted of punch, brick ice cream and cake.

Last Saturday afternoon from 2:30 to 5:30 o'clock, Mrs. H. H. Sayre entertained a number of friends at Euchre. There were seven prizes offered, Mrs. Cameron won the first, Mrs. James Henry, the second, Miss Fannie Gray carried away the "Lone hand" prize, Mrs. D. C. Roberts was awarded the guest's prize, Miss Mattie Henry captured the consolation and Miss Leaffa Wilborn, the second Booby, Mrs. Dupey was given a prize for attending to punching the tallies.

Mrs. Jas. Henry very delightfully entertained a few friends at her home on West Bellville St., last Thursday afternoon from three o'clock until six.

Five hundred was the teatire of the afternoon, Miss Lillie Cook won first prize, a handsome deck of cards and Mrs. D. C. Roberts, carried away the second prize, a box of stationery.

Two Victories For Marion.

Marion's hustling bunch of ball players downed the last Providence team Wednesday in a fast game by the score of 9 to 5. Gossage the new twirler for Marion did a few stunts on the mound that the fans will remember for sometime, he let Providence down with eight scattered hits and struck out 13 batsmen, the visitors were completely at his mercy at all times and had it not been for two errors the Providence bunch would have received a goose egg. The feature of the game was the pitching of Gossage and the catching of Grimes. The score.

Innings 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 T
Marion.....1 0 2 1 3 1 0 1 x-9
Providence...0 1 0 0 0 2 2 0-5

STURGIS GAME.

Thursday June 11th, Marion defeated the strong Sturgis team at Sturgis in one of the most interesting games of the season by the score of 3 to 2. Gossage, Marion's phenom twirler again pitched a shut-out game only allowing 6 hits and striking out 14 men. The game was won in the eighth when Derrick

singled stole second and third stole home when the third baseman muffed a thrown ball. The feature of the game was the pitching of Gossage and Kuykendall and the throwing to bases of Grimes.

Innings 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 T
Marion.....0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0-3
Sturgis.....1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0-2

JAMES ELOQUENT SPEECH

Nominating Stanley at the State Convention.

Lexington, Ky., June 11.—In presenting Congressman Stanley's name for temporary chairman, Congressman Ollie M. James said

"Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Fellow Democrats—I greet my democratic brethren in Kentucky with the assurance that the Kentucky democracy is united, and that victory will be written upon our banner. (Applause.)

"I come to bid every man who ever was a democrat, who ever loved one of the principles of its faith, to come back into the wigwam of his party, and I am willing to put my arm around him and welcome him and wrestle with our erring brother, even as Jacob did with the angel. (Applause.)

"Victory beckons to the democracy from every quarter of the Republic. Kentucky is now experiencing some of the promised blessings of republicanism, an empty treasury, warrants at a discount, and a republican governor inveighing strongly against midnight marauders, and at the same time searching through the musty tomes of a great judicial record for a technicality upon which to hang a pardon for a daylight assassin. (Applause.)

"The enthusiasm with which his action would be greeted if he should grant the pardon, is not a matter of speculation or conjecture. We have but to reflect and look back to the convention in the city of Louisville of the republican party, which they held there, when it was announced that the pardon had been granted, the enthusiasm knew no bounds; money rained upon the stage like manna from Heaven, to hire a train to bring the conquering hero there. (Applause.)

"Aye, fellow democrats, Kentucky is a democratic state, we are united and under the starry banner of our

faith the triumph of the democracy is to-day certain; and we are going to gather around that man who is the grandest combination of manhood and democracy that the world ever saw; whose patriotism is as strong as the tides of the sea, William J. Bryan of Nebraska.

"Oregon sounded the keynote the other day by reversing a republican majority of 50,000 four years ago, and electing a democrat to the United States Senate.

"Now Mr. chairman in the name of this democracy, in the name of that vast throng who have songs for all of our glories and tears for all our griefs I come to present to you a democrat who is the bravest and ablest and gamest defender of the men who toil for the temporary chairman of the convention, Congressman A. O. Stanley of the Second district."

Mary's Possession.

Mary had a little waist
Where waists were meant to grow,
And everywhere the fashions went
Her waist was sure to go.
—New York Sun.

Mary had a merry wid.
With trimmings white and blue;
And everywhere that Mary went,
She shut off all the view.
—Nashville Tennessean.

Mary wears the drop-stitched hose,
Her waists are peek-aboo;
And everywhere that Mary goes
She lets in all the view.
—Greenville Democrat.

Mary had a little foot—
To be exact, had two—
But limped because she squeezed it
in
A whole lot smaller shoe.
—Houston Post.

Mary had a pocketbook—
So stylish and so cute—
And in it was her chewing gum,
Her stamps and bathing suit!
—Montgomery Advertiser.

Mary inconsistent is
And curious I declare,
She shrieks at mention of a rat,
But wears one in her hair.
—Kentucky New Era.

Our Mary still owns that district
bond.
With coupons nice and crisp,
She's married now and of Art is most
fond.
And delights in little Carolyns
lisp.

Wanted Young Men

To learn
Bookkeeping
Shorthand
and
Telegraphy.
Over 500 students
annually.
Nine teachers. Sixty
typewriters.
Positions for gradu-
ates.
Send for catalog.

Sixty years
BUSINESS COLLEGE,
Evansville, Ind.
"Indiana's Greatest Business School"

Learn Telegraphy.

We have always had for over 5,000 graduates to be furnished in the coming year. The new eight-hour law, going into effect next March, has created a shortage of about 20,000 telegraphers in the railroad of the United States. Positions paying \$50 to \$90 per month to beginners absolutely guaranteed under a \$150 bond.

This Institute is the largest of its kind in America and is under the direct supervision of railway officials. Enter at any time. Write for full details.

NATIONAL TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,
Cincinnati, Ohio.

TIME TABLE

Effective May 21st 1908.

SOUTHBOUND.

No. 25 Chicago-Nashville Lt. 4:35 a. m.
No. 321 Nashville Mail 11:30 a. m.
No. 205 Hopkinsville Ex. 3:55 p. m.

NORTHBOUND.

No. 332 Evansville Accom. 6:25 a. m.
No. 206 Evansville-Mattoon Ex. 3:31 p. m.
No. 26 Chicago Limited 10:13 p. m.
W. L. VERNER, Agent.

A Well Known Fact

That no skin disease, whether from internal or external origin, can long withstand the two powerful germicides, ZEMO and ZEMOTONE, they destroy the germs that cause the disease, they always cure. Write for sample. E. W. Rose Med. Co., St. Louis. All Druggists sell.

HAYNES & TAYLOR

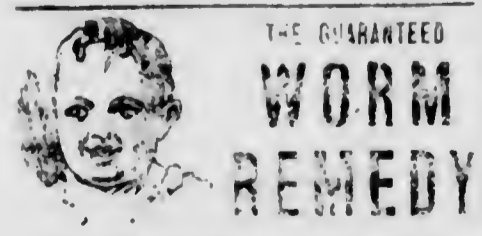
Weak Women

To weak and ailing women, there is at least one way to help. But with that way, two treatments must be combined. One is local, one is constitutional, but both are important, both essential. Dr. Shoop's Night Cure is the local. Dr. Shoop's Restorative, the Constitutional. The former—Dr. Shoop's Night Cure—is a topical anesthetic suppository remedy, while Dr. Shoop's Restorative is a whole, an internal treatment. The Restorative reaches throughout the entire system, seeking the repair of all nerves, all sense, and all blood elements. The "Night Cure," as its name implies, does its work while you sleep. It soothes sore and inflamed mucous surfaces, heals local weakness and discharges, while the Restorative, saves nervous excitement, gives renewed vigor and ambition, builds up wasted tissues, brings about renewed strength, vigor, and energy. Take Dr. Shoop's Restorative—Tablets or Liquid—see general tonic to the system. For positive local help, use as well.

Dr. Shoop's Night Cure

JAS. H. ORME.

WHITE'S Cream Vermifuge



THE GUARANTEED
**WORM
REMEDY**
THE CHILDREN'S FAVORITE TONIC.
Beware of imitations.
THE GENUINE PREPARED ONLY BY
Ballard-Snow Unimint Co.
Sold and recommended by J. H. Orme

There are Few

People who know how to take care of themselves—the majority do not. The liver is a most important organ in the body. Herbine will keep it in condition. V. C. Simpkins, Alhita Tex., writes: I have used Herbine for Chills and Fever and find it the best medicine I ever used. I would not be without it. It is as good for children as it is for grown up, couple, and I recommend it. It is sold for La Grippe." J. H. Orme

A FITTING ANSWER

Executive Committee and Officers
of Burley Tobacco Society Come
Back at Governor.

"STARTLING CHARGE" IS REFUTED

Editorial in Lexington Herald Based
Upon Governor Willson's Recent
Louisville Speech Calls Forth a Re-
sponse From the Gentlemen Whose
Acts Have Been Questioned.

The Lexington Herald in an editorial of March 31, 1908, quoted, under the heading "A Startling Charge," what were reported to it as excerpts from the speech of Governor Willson, delivered at the meeting of the Law and Order League at Louisville. That editorial closed with this paragraph:

"We publish these excerpts from Governor Willson's speech without comment this morning, desiring simply to call attention to them and wishing to hear the answers of the heads of the Tobacco Growers' Association before we comment on them."

Notwithstanding the statement that the editor does not comment on the speech, the editorial says:

"The almost inevitable conclusion drawn from these statements is that Governor Willson believes and intends to convey the impression that he has grounds for the belief, that there is a working basis between the tobacco associations and the American tobacco trust, the logical conclusion of which would be the elimination on the one hand of the independent grower, and on the other hand of the independent tobacco manufacturer."

As the Herald through this editorial has called upon the heads of the tobacco growers' association for a response to the charges made in this speech of the Governor, we, as the Executive Committee and Officers of the Burley Tobacco Society, which is one of the various growers' associations referred to in the speech under the general head of the Society of Equity, feel obliged to make some brief response, out of respect for the standing of this paper and for the office of Governor in this state from which these charges emanate, but this response is not made because it is felt by the leaders and officers of this organization that the charges made and suggested in the speech referred to are in any way believed by the people of this state, or that they will receive any serious consideration at the hands of the citizens of Kentucky. It will be necessary in this response to briefly summarize the statements made in the speech to which the editorial refers, and from which it draws the "inevitable conclusion" above stated.

We must assume that the quotation given in the editorial is correct for the purpose of this response, as none of the leaders or officers of the organization were notified of, or invited to be present at, the meeting referred to in Louisville, and did not hear the speech. At the outset the Governor asks, "Why have not some of you tobacco growers done something to the trust, either in court or to its property or to its men?" This he follows with the charge that nothing has been done by anyone to "a trust man or a trust piece of property or a trust pound of tobacco." He says: "It is as if the two trusts were working together, and the unfortunate people who love liberty and want each man to do what he pleases were ground to death between them." Following this he classifies the growers' associations as "farmers' trusts" and the American Tobacco Company as the "American trust," and he reiterates that every injury suffered has been by either an independent grower or an independent manufacturer of tobacco. From this he turns to the leaders and executive officers of the tobacco growers' associations, and this part of his speech necessarily refers to the writers of this response, who are representatives of one of the tobacco growers' associations in this state. Under this head he says: "The offices of the various farmers' trusts have gotten into the hands of a number of acute and shrewd managers who are intoxicated with the love of power that has come to them, and they are determined that no man shall dispute their rule. They do not care that this is a free country, or that the constitution guarantees liberty; they simply are determined that every man in their district shall obey their rule and the rule of terror and fear. They kill the poor farmer at his door; they whip him with blacksnake whips and thorns; they burn his home over his sleeping family's head; they burn his barn. Somebody, I don't say the Society of Equity, I believe that nine-tenths of the members of that society are good men; but what does all this do?" He then draws his conclusion: "If you see a hundred outrages, one after another, every one of which is used over these people to make them get into the rule of the tobacco associations, either one of them, to obey their rule, what do you think those outrages are committed for, and who permits them to go on?"

Is it surprising that the Herald should publish this under the heading "A Startling Charge," and that it should inculcate upon us as the officers and leaders of the Burley Tobacco Society to respond to this charge? Not, as we have said, because it may be believed by the people, but because it comes

from the Governor, and attention is called to it by an editorial in one of our leading papers.

It cannot be gainsaid that atrocious outrages have been committed in Kentucky that have grown out of and have unquestionably flowed directly from the tobacco situation, which is simply this. That for years either the laws of Kentucky or those charged with their enforcement, including the Chief Executive of this state, have suffered and permitted a trust known as the American Tobacco Company to oppress the growers of tobacco throughout the commonwealth. It was not the duty of the people, but those who represented them, either in the Legislature or on the bench or in the various executive and administrative offices throughout the state, to protect the citizens engaged in the growing of tobacco. This duty, as suggested, has been for years wholly neglected. This being true, when this oppression had reached the point where it could not be longer stood by those who suffered directly from it, the farmers themselves organized these various associations solely to secure the protection which their representatives had failed to secure for them. The sole object of these associations was to procure if possible the fair marketable value of their crop. The formation of this organization was permitted by an act of the legislature, and so far the same has been recognized as lawful and constitutional by the courts. There certainly can be no blame attached to the farmers for the organization of these associations. But if their organization and their attempt to protect themselves against the oppression of the tobacco trust has resulted in a conflict, under the cover of which outrages have been committed, who are primarily, and directly responsible for these lawless acts, the trust and the neglect of the representatives of the people which necessitated the formation of these protective organizations, or the organizations themselves? In other words, are the people to blame when they have been forced by a lawless and unrestrained trust to form these associations authorized by law for their necessary protection?

We would say in answer to the Governor's question, "Why have not some of you tobacco growers done something to the trust, either in court or to its property or to its men?" that, if nothing has been done the blame rests with those representing the people, from the Governor down. If vigorous steps had been taken by these lawfully entrusted with this duty to prevent the oppression of the trust, the cause of the trouble would have been removed and these associations would never have been formed. For this reason we say that upon the Governor and his associates in the making, administration and execution of the laws rests the blame and responsibility for the present situation.

It has been the history of the American people from the time when the tea was thrown overboard in Boston harbor down to the present time, that general lawlessness and rebellion of the people has resulted directly either from tyrannical laws or the abuses or neglect of those entrusted with their enforcement.

As to the charge that "the two trusts are working together," our simple response is that there is no foundation in fact for this or any similar statement. The space allotted to us in this article does not permit us to introduce all of the evidence necessary to disprove this statement, were it incumbent upon us to disprove an unsupported charge, but it is so startling and preposterous, and with the people of Kentucky will receive so little consideration, that we do not deem it necessary to do more than to this publicly brand it as untrue and unwarranted. The facts and evidences are ready, if desired, to substantiate this statement. As to the personal charge made against the officers of the Burley Tobacco Society, together with the other officers of the various associations, we simply answer for ourselves. We regret exceedingly that the Governor of Kentucky should so far forget himself in the excitement of the moment to express or even harbor any thought that the officers of this society should be so accused. We believe that the Governor will withdraw this charge. He should publicly apologize for making it. Even a decent respect for ourselves and our standing in this section of Kentucky prevents us from so far debasing ourselves as to enter into a discussion of this charge, as to whether or not we have become "intoxicated with the love of power" or "that we do not care that this is a free country," or we do not care "that the constitution guarantees liberty," or that we are determined "that every man shall obey our rule of terror and fear," or "that we have killed the independent, or murdered the poor, humble farmer at his door," or "whipped him with blacksnake whips and thorns," or "burned his barn." We do, however, call attention to the fact that the Governor does exonerate the Society of Equity from these charges, and has charged them directly against us who hold the offices in this association. Our plea is not guilty, and unless the Governor apologizes for this statement, we call upon him publicly for his proof. With the people who know us, we do not feel it necessary to do more than spurn this charge as the product of an inflamed mind.

In effect it is charged in this speech in conclusion, that because the farmers have organized for their protection against the tobacco trust, that all acts of lawlessness by whomsoever committed arising in any way from the tobacco situation, are necessarily chargeable to the tobacco societies. Nothing could be more unjust than

this. It may be true that these offenses have not been committed against this society or its members, but is that to be considered as evidence that the executive officers of the society have done these things or been parties in any way to the perpetration of these crimes? We have no sympathy with lawlessness in any of its various forms. We stand for upholding the law and for its enforcement, and we sincerely believe that the present deplorable state of affairs in our state is due to the non-enforcement of the laws of the statute book, which has continued for many years, and we further believe that the disease cannot be cured except by eradicating the cause. Our society, and we as its representatives, are as powerless as the people of whom we only form a part to prevent the violence which is the natural outburst of a desperate condition.

At Washington and in most of the other states the Chief Executives and others entrusted with the enforcement of the laws against trusts have long since been aroused and have put in motion the engines of the law to throw off these yokes that have so called and burdened their people, but here in Kentucky these officers have only awakened at the cry of despair, to condemn the people for disturbing their slumbers. Remove the cause, give the people protection against this trust, and you may return to your rest in peace.

CLARENCE LEIDERS,
Chairman.
S. T. PREWITT,
RHOES H. THOMAS,
JOHN E. BROWN,
S. A. SHANKLIN,
FRED STACY,
J. R. HANCOM,
Executive Committee.

GREEDY LANDLORDS CRY "POOR TENANT"

Contributor Has No Fear for Those
Who "Cut Out" Tobacco Crop—
Applies Golden Rule.

(Lexington Herald.)

To the Editor of the Herald:
Having read so much about the "poor tenant" with the 1908 crop cut out, I would like to ask space in your paper to say a few words in regard to same.

As to the condition of the tenants in such counties as Fayette, Bourbon, Clark, Scott and other central Illinois Grass counties, who have sold both their 1906 and 1907 crops, I know nothing except by comparison of conditions existing in those counties with those in this (Pleasant) county.

The tenants of Pleasant county who have sold their 1906 and 1907 crops of tobacco at the high prices existing for those two crops, are in the best condition financially I have ever known them in twenty years' experience with tenants.

For instance, to illustrate I will cite you to my own tenants, who, when they had sold and delivered their 1907 crop and paid up all of their bills for the year, such as groceries, clothes, hired help in crop, etc., one had the sum of \$500 left, another \$350, and still another \$375.

Now with anything like management, and raising sufficient corn to fatten their meat hogs, vegetables of all kinds sufficient for the use of their families, which they will do this year (and by the way will require but a small part of their time), how will it be possible for those tenants to starve before the 1909 crop is grown and marketed?

Those tenants have worked hard for years, and the time has never been before until the existing high prices, that they could afford to lay off a year for rest, from the hardest, dirtiest work one can imagine, that of raising tobacco. Could there be a more opportune time for a year of rest for this tenant than the year 1908? I am sure that you will agree with me that there could not. These tenants are more than willing, and perfectly satisfied to raise no tobacco this year.

I think a great deal, and in fact most of the trouble about wanting to grow a crop this year is caused by greedy, selfish landlords, wanting to have a crop grown and shielding themselves by taking up the cause of the "poor tenant."

In my experience of twenty years with tenants, and during the many hardships I have seen them undergo, I have never yet heard the one-hundredth part of the sympathy expressed for them that is now being expressed by independent growing landlords, and it reminds me very much of a coward I have heard of when in a fight would hold a little child between him and his enemy, exposing it to the bullets, and thereby shielding himself.

I have in my mind a wealthy grower of a not far distant county, who in the last few weeks has been in such great sympathy with the "poor tenant," deploring his almost certain fate of starvation, if the 1908 crop be eliminated, who two or three winters ago actually charged his tenant for "putting" a hen on his premises through the winter.

Now does anyone for a moment believe that such a landlord's sympathy for the "poor tenant" was prompted by any sympathy he had for him or his? Far from it, but only by his desire to find some excuse by which he could have a crop raised and still keep the swill the blinding sides of his own pocketbook—a clear case of the coward and the child.

As still further illustrating the fact that it is the greed and selfishness of the landlord pushing the tenant into the raising of a crop this year, I said to a tenant in Flemingsburg last court

day, "what are you going to do about raising a crop of tobacco this year?" To my astonishment he answered, "Cut it out if I have my way," for I had already heard that his landlord had said that he had contracted with his tenants before the current idea was originated, and that his tenants were holding him to it.

I think it an investigation of the cases of tenants wanting to raise a crop this year was made, it would show up about like the case cited. As to the condition of the tenants in the central Illinois Grass counties as mentioned in the beginning of this letter, I can only judge by a comparison of the fertility of the soil, etc., in those counties, with that of this county (Pleasant), which would favor a better yield in said counties, and the tenants' condition should be correspondingly better.

In a grower's article in your issue of March 26th he says: "Should the Equity tobacco all be sold at 15 cents, and the legitimate expense be paid, such as president, county chairman, speakers, etc., the grower will not realize more than 8 1/2 or 9 cents." Granting such to be true for the sake of argument (for such is the only way I would grant it, as I do not believe the expense, everything considered, will amount to anything like that amount) he is still ahead about two dollars over what he would have received had the Equity or pool never existed, and in addition we independent growers are ahead something like \$5 per 100 pounds on the 1907 crop and four dollars on the 1906, and the most important consideration yet—the greatest victory in the history of the country has been won—that of the tobacco grower over the tobacco trust. This grower also says: "There are officials in the society who will take the advantage of the growers."

In answer to the last assertion I will say no man ever saw anything on so large a scale as this movement among the tobacco growers that was perfected in so short a time as it has been before the people, and if when the pooled tobacco is all sold, and by the settlement with the growers, such a state of affairs is found to exist, then let each and every grower (independent and Equity) in the white burley district come out to their respective precincts and join in organizing a society and putting in its officials of such the very best men the country affords (of which I think the present society has a great number), then when such has been accomplished, let us all growers to a man stand by these officials with no scales, or dampers, like we independent growers have been, in the ranks to cause the trouble experienced by the present society officials.

Speaking for myself as an independent grower (as I am not in the Equity or pool), I do not see how I could desire to raise a crop this year and thereby break down the men in the pool that has made possible the great prices I received for my 1906 and 1907 crops.

For instance, I sold and delivered to the American Tobacco Company a few weeks ago, 38,000 pounds of tobacco that brought me more than did 60,000 pounds I sold in 1905, or 53,000 pounds I sold in 1906. What brought about such a price as this? Certainly there can be but one answer, the pool, and it is a clear case that I was benefited to the extent of \$1,000 by the existence of the pool, in the price I received for this one crop, not saying anything about the benefit I received in the sale of the 1906 crop.

Yet I feel that by the statutory law I have a right to do as I please with that which belongs to me, and a perfect right to raise a crop of tobacco this year if I want to, but by the higher and most just law—God's and the golden rule, "Do unto others as you would have them do unto you," I have no right to raise a crop this year, and I shall not want to until I see my fellow-men in the pool placed upon an equal footing with myself, by selling his tobacco at the Equity price.

I think the best way to bring about a peaceful solution of the present deplorable state of affairs would be for people to quit talking and writing newspaper articles only calculated to create strife and bitterness, go home to their farms and get busy at something other than raising tobacco, and they would be surprised to see how quickly peace would be restored, how much easier their consciences would feel, and how few tenants would starve to death before the 1909 crop of tobacco was grown and marketed.

INDEPENDENT GROWER.

THE GOVERNOR AND THE FARMERS.

Governor Willson has raised the serious question as to whether the movement of the tobacco growers is an honest, sincere effort on the part of the men engaged in this industry to secure a fair price for their product, or whether it is the scheme of avaricious leaders to satisfy their own greed for gain and their ambition for power.

If the Governor is right the Society of Equity and all of the organizations of farmers for advancing the price of tobacco ought to be stamped out, and vigorous measures ought to be taken to this end. If the Governor is wrong he has done a gross injustice to many of the very best citizens of Kentucky. He has made grave charges not only against the whole body of farmers, but against their leaders. Whether right or wrong, as the matter now stands, he puts himself in the attitude of natural enemy to every purpose of the Society of Equity and the organizations of the tobacco growers.—Kentucky Evening Gazette.

First Baptist Church.

Rev. J. H. Butler, Pastor.
Services every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.
Prayer meeting every Thursday night.
Business meeting on Thursday night before 4th Sunday.
Sunday School every Sunday at 9:30 a. m., Deacon J. P. Pierce, Supt.

Presbyterian Church.

(Cor. Main and Depot Streets.)
T. M. Hurst, Minister.
Frequent services, First, Third and Fifth Sundays at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.
Communion, or the Lord's Supper, Third Sundays in February, May, August and October.
Sunday School at 9:30 a. m. every Sunday, W. E. Minner, Supt.
Bible class every Sunday at 2:30 p. m., Dr. R. L. Moore and Rev. Jas. F. Price, teachers.

Ladies Aid Society meets every Thursday afternoon, Mrs. J. F. Price, President.

Women's Missionary Society meets Thursday after the First Sunday in each month. Mrs. T. C. Guess, Pres.

Methodist Episcopal Church, South.

Rev. J. B. Adams, Pastor.
Frequent services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Prayer meeting each Wednesday night.

Ladies Aid Society meets each Thursday evening at place appointed. Mrs. W. J. DeLoe, President.

Women's Missionary Society meets Monday after each second Sunday, Mrs. H. K. Woods, President.

Epworth League meets each Sunday evening at 6 o'clock. Gray Rochester, President.

Christian Church.

J. W. Flynn, Pastor.
Regular services Second Sunday in each month.

Sunday school every Sunday at 10 o'clock. J. C. Wallace, Supt.

Ladies Aid Society meets every Thursday. Mrs. J. P. Pierce, Pres.

Bigham Lodge, No. 256, F. & A. M.

Regular meeting Saturday night before full moon in each month.

T. Atchison, Frazier, W. M.
C. W. Lamb, Sr. W.
J. L. Travis, Jr. W.
W. D. Cannon, Treas.
J. Bell Kevil, Secy.
C. W. Haynes, Jr. D.
G. B. Taylor, Jr. D.
C. V. Franks, Steward.
Albert Elder.
Rev. R. C. Love, Chaplain.
D. L. Bryant, Tyler.

Crittenden Chapter, No. 70, R. A. M.

Regular meeting on Saturday night after full moon.

F. C. STEPHENS, H. P.

J. BELL KEVIL, Secretary.

Wingate Council, No. 35, R. & S. M.

Regular meeting second Monday night in each month.

J. L. RANKIN, T. I. M.

J. BELL KEVIL, Secretary.

Marion Camp, No. 11576, M. W. A.

Regular meetings first and third Tuesday nights in each month.

Ed Metz, Past Com. Com.
U. T. Hughes, Con. Com.
John Cochran, Adv. Lieut.
Chas. D. Haynes, Banker.
W. E. Minner, Clerk.
J. W. Flynn, Escort.
Cleveland Stone, Chief Forester.
A. M. Henry, Watchman.
R. H. Elder, Sentry.

Rosewood Camp, No. 22, W. O. W.

Regular meetings on second and fourth Monday nights in each month.

A. J. Butler, Past Com. Com.
Wm. H. Clark, Con. Com.
Gray Rochester, Adv. Lieut.
Robt. E. Wilborn, Banker.
S. H. Ramage, Clerk.
Carney Henry, Escort.
A. H. Fritts, Watchman.
J. W. Wilson and T. W. Champion, Sentries.

A. S. Cannon, A. J. Butler and Jas. H. Orme, Managers.

T. Atchison, Frazier, A. J. Driskill

Walter Travis, Camp Physicians.

Walstika Tribe, No. 224, I. O. R. M.

Regular meetings on second and fourth Tuesday nights in each month.

Robt. E. Wilborn, Sachem.
C. E. Wehlon, Prophet.
Walter McConnell, Sr. Sagamore.
Wathen Rankin, Jr.
S. H. Ramage, Keeper of Wampum.
C. V. Franks, Chief of Records.
Jas. Tolley, Guard of Wigwam.

Blackwell Lodge, No. 57, K. of P.

Regular meeting second and fourth Friday night in each month.

C. C. Taylor, C. C.
John W. Wilson, V. C.
Geo. M. Crider, Prelate.
C. W. Haynes, K. R. & S.
J. B. Sedberry, M. F.
G. B. Taylor, M. E.
R. L. Flannery, M. A.
J. F. Dodge, Master of Work.

New Marion Lodge, No. 198, I. O. O. F.

Regular meetings every Thursday night at 7:30.

Rufus McMeen, N. G.
Walter McConnell, V. G.
J. B. Grissom, Treas.
G. L. Dial, Warden.
Rev. R. C. Love, Chaplain.
John B. Sedberry, Fin. and R. Secy

For cuts, sprains, bruises, burus

rheumatic and all other pains, use

McLean's Volcanic Oil Liniment.

First sold in 1852, still the same effective remedy in 1908. Good for

minor heat, 25c, 50c, and \$1.00.

WELVE DAY BARGAIN SALE.

Beginning June 18th, and Closing July first 1908,
Goods will be Sold at the Following Low Prices.

100 yards of Calico at 4 cents per yard,
5 Pair of Ladies Shoes at 50 per cent discount,
Men's 50ct Work Shirts at 40 cents.

2500 Spools of Thread at 4 cents per spool,
Men's 50 cent Laundered Shirts at 40 cents.

CLOTHING.

20 Suits, all New Goods Go at these Prices.

15 Suits for \$11.50,
6.00 Suits for \$4.50,

\$12.50 Suits for \$9.25,
\$1.00 Overalls for 90c,

\$10.00 Suits for \$7.75,
50c Overallis for 40c.

A Number One Straight Grade Flour 58cts, for 24 lb., Sack.

Big Deal Soap at 4 cents per bar,
Magic White Soap for 4 cents per bar,
25 cent Broom for 21 cents,

Fels Naptha Soap at 4 cents per bar,
4 Cans of Corn for 25 cents,
5 lbs Keg Soda for 10 cents,

100 Pair Men's Shoes to go at a Discount of 20 per cent.
100 Pair of Ladies Shoes to go at Discount of 20 per cent.
50 Pair Misses Shoes to go at a Discount of 20 per cent.
50 Pair Children's Shoes to go at a Discount of 20 per cent.

\$1.00 Buys 18 Pounds of the Best Granulated Sugar.

To Further introduce the line of coffee I handle,
will sell the

25ct. Coffee for 20cts., 20ct Coffee for 16 cts.,
5ct. Coffee for 11cts., Crystal Coffee 13cts. per package.

THE ABOVE PRICES ARE FOR CASH ONLY

Eggs, Poultry and Butter, Wanted.
Remember This Sale Closes July First.

Yours for Trade,

N. J. BISHOP,

Crayne,

Kentucky.

J. G. WOLFE, M. D.

Practice Limited to Diseases
and Defects of the
**EYE, EAR, NOSE AND
THROAT.**
Glasses Properly
Fitted

Pierce Building, Marion, Ky.

A Convention Discrepancy.

[Kennebec Journal]
Some people have wondered why
it is that there will be 1,002 dele-
gates for the Denver convention and
only 992 at the Chicago convention,
since the representation in both is
based upon the representation of the
various states in Congress. The ex-
planation is found in the fact that
the democrats allowed six delegates
each to the District of Columbia,
Hawaii and Porto Rico, to which the
republicans allowed only two dele-
gates each, while the republicans
allowed two delegates to the Philip-
pines, which will not be represented
at all in the democratic convention

If one feels dull and spiritless, in
the spring or early summer, they call
it "Spring Fever," but there is no fever--
usually. It is the after effect of
our winter habits. The nerves are
mostly at fault. Tired, worn-out nerves
leave us languid, lifeless and without
spirit or ambition. A few doses of Dr.
Shoop's Restorative will absolutely
and quickly change all of these depress-
ing symptoms. The restorative of
course won't bring you back to full
health in a day or two, but it will do
enough in 48 hours to satisfy you that
the remedy is reaching that "tired
spot." Druggists everywhere are ad-
vising its use as a prompt general tonic.
It gives more vim and more spirit
to the spoonful than any other known
nerve or constitutional tonic. It
sharpens a failing appetite, aids diges-
tion, free sluggish livers and kidneys,
and brings new life, strength and am-
bition. Test it a few days and be con-
vinced. Sold by Jas H. Orme.

Cures and Prevents.

W. T. Ballenger, Lexington, Ky.,
says: I have used Bourbor Hog
Cholera Remedy and I think it is
the only remedy ever made that will
cure and prevent hog cholera.

Haynes & Taylor.

Kentucky Fair Dates.

Columbia Fair Ass'n, Columbia, Aug.
18-21.
Allen Co. Fair Ass'n, Scotsville, Sept.
17-19.
Lawrenceburg Fair Ass'n, Lawrence-

burg, Aug. 18-21.

South Ky. Fair Ass'n, Glasgow, Sept.
9-12.

North Ky. Fair Ass'n, Florence,

Aug. 26-29.

Bourbon Co. Ag'l Ass'n, Paris, Sept.

1-5.

New Central Ky. Fair Ass'n, Dan-

ville, Aug. 5-7.

Breckenridge Co. Fair Ass'n, Hardin-

burg, Sept. 4-8.

Bullitt Co. Fair Ass'n, Shepherdsville,

Aug. 18-21.

Butler Co. Fair Ass'n, Morgantown,

Sept. 21-26.

Campbell Co. Ag'l Ass'n, Alexandria,

Sept. 1-5.

Sanders Fair Ass'n, Sanders, Aug.

19-22.

Casey Co. Fair Ass'n, Liberty, Aug.

26-28.

Elks Fair Co., Winchester, Aug. 4-7

Chamberland Co. Fair Ass'n, Burkes-

ville, Aug. 11-14.

Blue Grass Fair Ass'n, Lexington,

Aug. 10-15.

Ewing Fair Co., Ewing, Aug. 20-22.

West Ky. Fair Ass'n, Mayfield, Sept.

23-26.

The Garrard Co. Fair Ass'n, Lancas-

ter, July 29-31.

Grayson Co. Fair Ass'n, Leitchfield,

Aug. 18-20.

Hardin Co. Fair Ass'n, Elizabethtown,

Aug. 25-27.

Henry Co. Fair, Sulphur, Aug. 14-15.

Henderson Co. Fair, Henderson, July

28 Aug. 1.

Hopkins Co. Fair, Madisonville, Aug.

4-8.

Creek, Sept. 2-5.

K. of P. Fair Ass'n, Nicholasville,

Aug. 25-28.

Kenton Co. Ag'l Society, Erlanger,

Aug. 19-22.

Knox Co. Fair Ass'n, Barbourville,

Aug. 19-21.

The Larue Co. Fair Ass'n, Hodgeville,

Sept. 8-10.

Laurel Co. Fair Co., London, Aug.

25-28.

Lewis Co. Fair Ass'n, Vanceburg,

Aug. 19-22.

Lincoln Co. Fair Ass'n, Stanford, July

22-25.

Crab Orchard F'r & Race Ass'n, Crab

Orchard, July 15-17.

Madison Co. Fair Ass'n, Richmond,

Aug. 18-21.

Germantown Fair Co. Germantown,

Aug. 26-29.

Monroe Co. Fair, Tompkinsville, Date

not fixed.

Nelson Co. Fair Ass'n, Bardstown,

Sept. 2-5.

Ohio Co. Fair Co., Hartford, Date not

fixed.

Falmouth Fair Co., Falmouth, Sept.

30-Oct. 3.

Somerset Fair Ass'n, Somerset, Sept.

1-4.

Rockcastle Co. Fair Ass'n, Brodhead,

Aug. 12-14.

Russell Co. Fair Ass'n, Russell Springs,

Aug. 4-7.

The Scott Co. Fair, Georgetown, July

28-Aug. 1.

Shelby Co. A. & M. Ass'n, Shelbyville,

Aug. 25-28.

Todd Co. Fair Ass'n, Elkton, Date not

fixed.

Trimble Co. Fair Ass'n, Bedford, Date
not fixed.
Union Co. Fair Ass'n, Uniontown,
Aug. 11-15.
Washington Co. Fair Ass'n, Spring-
field, Aug. 12-15.
Wayne Co. Fair Ass'n, Monticello,
Sept. 8-11.
Webster Co. Fair, Providence, Date
not fixed.

STATE FAIR DATES.

Sacramento, Cal., Aug. 29-Sept. 5.
Ottawa, Can., Sept. 18-26.
Denver, Colo., Sept. 7-12.
Springfield, Ill., Sept. 25-Oct. 2.
Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 7-11.
Des Moines, Iowa., Aug. 20-28.
LOUISVILLE, KY., SEPT. 14-19.
Shreveport, La., Nov. 2-7.
Lutherville, Md., Sept. 1-5.
Detroit, Mich., Sept. 3-11.
Hamiline, Minn., Aug. 31-Sept. 5.
Sedalia, Mo., Oct. 3-9.
Helena, Mont., Oct. 5-10.
Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 28-Sept. 4.
Trenton, N. J., Sept. 28-Oct. 2.
Syracus, N. Y., Sept. 14-19.
Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 12-17.
Columbus, Ohio., Aug. 31-Sept. 4.
Oklahoma City, Okla., Oct. 1-10.
Salem, Ore., Sept. 14-19.
Huron, S. D., Sept. 7-11.
Columbia, S. C., Oct. 26-30.
Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 21-26.
Dallas, Texas., Oct. 17-Nov. 1.
N. Yakima, Wash., Sept. 28-Oct. 3.
Wheeling, W. Va., Sept. 7-11.
Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 7-11.
Kansas City, American Royal, Oct.
12-17.
Chicago, International Live Stock Ex-
position, Nov. 28-Dec. 5.
Louisville, Kentucky Horse Show Soci-
ety, Sept. 28-Oct. 3.

Miss Nell Walker
STENOGRAPHER
and Notary Public
Office with Blue & Nunn.

W. T. TRAVIS

Physician and Surgeon.

Postoffice Building.

MARION, - KENTUCKY

Dr. M. Ravdin,

Practice Limited to Diseases
and Defects of the

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.

Suites 16 and 17, Arcade
Building. Glasses fitted.

EVANSVILLE, - INDIANA

F. W. NUNN,

DENTIST.

Suite 3, Beehive Block

Marion, - - Kentucky.

All work guaranteed. If any
work proves unsatisfactory, please
call at my office at once.

Kevil & Co.

HAVE ESTABLISHED A

Fire Insurance Agency in
MARION, KENTUCKY

If you have property in the town of
Marion, let them insure it. You
shall have no reasons to regret it.
Office in Press Building, Room 5
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W. H. CLARK,

Attorney-at-Law.

Special attention given to collections.

Will practice in all the courts of the
State and in the United States court.
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J. B. KEVIL,

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TELEPHONES

AND

Switchboards

ALSO

Large Stock of Electric
Light, Street Railway
and Telephone Supplies
Constantly on Hand.

Don't fail to send for latest Cata-
logue No. 7.

Jas. Clark Jr, Electric Co.
(Incorporated)

313 W Main - Louisville, Ky.

Metz & Sedberry

BARBERS

Clean towels, first class
work, electric massage, hot
or cold bath. Give us a call.
Opposite postoffice.

To stop any pain, anywhere in 20 min-
utes, simply take just one of Dr.
Shoop's Pink Pain Tablets. Pain
means congestion--blood pressure--
that is all. Dr. Shoop's Headache--
or Pink Pain Tablets--will quickly
coax blood pressure away from pain
centers. After that pain is gone.
Headache Neuralgia, painful periods
with women etc., get instant help. 20
tablets 25c Sold by Jas. H. Orme.

For Rent.

I have two vacant houses on north
Walker Street and the Loving resi-
dence for rent. NELLIE WALKER.
Marion, Ky.

Easy Confinement

If you have cause to fear the
pains of childbirth, remember that
they are due to weakness, or dis-
ease, of the womanly organs, and
that healthy women do not suffer,
like weak ones.

The specific, medicinal, vege-
table ingredients, of which that
famous, female medicine and wo-
manly tonic

WINE OF **CARDUI**

WOMAN'S RELIEF

is composed, will build up the
womanly organs to a healthy state
and thus prevent needless suffer-
ing.

"Before my confinement," writes
Mrs. Rose Schubart, of Moun-
tain, Colo., "I had such bearing-
down pains I didn't know what to
do. Cardui quickly relieved me.
Some months later I had a fine
12-lb. baby, was sick only thirty
minutes, and did not even have
a doctor."

At All Druggists

WRITE FOR FREE ADVICE,
stating age and describing symp-
toms, to Ladies Advisory Dept.,
The Chattanooga Medicine Co.,
Chattanooga, Tenn. E 15

Big Week For The Kentucky Baptists

The Baptist Education Society of
Kentucky will convene here in annu-
al conference to-morrow morning.
The Rev. Dr. E. Y. Mullins of the
Baptist Seminary, will preside over
the deliberations of the society. The
initial session will be held at 8:30
o'clock to-morrow morning in the
Twenty-second and Walnut streets
Baptist church.

The Rev. L. B. Warren, pastor of
the First Baptist church at Owens-
boro, will address the assemblage, as
will Prof. J. W. Garner, of Bethel
College, Russellville. During the
course of the convention the Rev. J.
W. Weaver will talk on the "Fallen
Leader," taking the Rev. T. T.
Eaton, formerly of the Walnut-street
Baptist church, for his subject.

Dr. Arthur Yeager, president of
the Georgetown College, has accept-
ed an invitation to participate in the
convention and will talk on "Our
Opportunities." The Rev. J. W.
Porter, who was recently installed as
pastor of the First Baptist church in
Lexington, will be present to address
the convention.

The Rev. J. M. Roddy, of Har-
rodsburg, will address the Baptist
to-night. Dr. T. T. Hale will end
Tuesday's session with his report as
Corresponding Secretary. Courier
Journal.

Corn Wanted.

We will pay 75 cents cash for
white shucked corn, and 70 cents for
white corn (snapped) at the mill, un-
til further notice.

Marion Milling Company.

We Invite You to Investigate our Prices Before Going Elsewhere.

PEAS!! PEAS!! PEAS!!!

Are you going to Sow Peas? Good Pea Hay is always in Demand. We have the

GENUINE WHIP-POOR-WILL STOCK PEAS

Nice and Clean Come in and Get what you need

Remember that we handle the Farmers

BUCK-EYE SUNBEAM CULTIVATOR.

The Best on the Market today. We have sold them for Thirteen Years, and without a single complaint. Don't do like the other fellow did. buy some off brand, and then wish you hadn't. Come in and look them over. We Guarantee both the Price and the Cultivator.

We carry a Full Line of Mining Supplies, Such as,

OILS, SHOVELS, PICKS, HAMMERS.

Handles of all kinds, also Dynamite, Caps, Fuse, Electrical Fuzes, Lamps and everything you need. Phone us your orders. We insure you prompt service and correct Prices.



We have just received a

CAR LOAD OF STUDEBAKER WAGONS

When in need of a wagon Remember the Studebaker. It wears longer, runs lighter; and stands up under heavier loads than any wagon on the market to-day. For fifty years it has been the **Standard of Excellence** in the wagon world. Don't take our word for it; but ask those who have used them. We have all sizes of this wagon and can guarantee satisfaction both in quality and price.

Choice Seeds Produce Choice Crops

We have Pure Southern Grown German Millet. Come in and get a few Bushels of this Millet. We ask you no more for this seed than others ask you for Western Grown Seed. We shall be glad to show you this seed whether you buy or not.

THE GENUINE DELKER

Line is our Line of Buggies. Equaled by few. Surpassed by None. Don't be deceived. Look for the Name Plate. Thousands of Satisfied Customers ride in Delker Buggies each year. Why Don't You? We invite you to compare our Goods and Prices with the Goods and Prices of Others. **COME TO SEE US WHEN IN TOWN.**

ARE YOU GOING TO BUILD?

We Can Save You Money on **NAILS, ROOFING AND ETC.**

We carry a complete stock of all kinds of Roofing from the Cheapest to the Best. Also Lime, Cement and such things needed in the construction of your building. Don't send away for your goods, we can save you the freight. "Phone" us your order for a nice Hammock or a Lawn Swing.

Main Street.

T. H. Cochran & Company.

Marion Ky.

Powers And Howard Pardoned

(continued from first page.)

by me. I am innocent of the crime that was charged against me and now that I am free I shall join my little family and undertake once more their cause and support. I hope that I shall never do aught that shall cause the governor and friends of mine to regret my liberation.

Caleb Powers was released from the Georgetown jail at 10 o'clock and immediately went to the hotel according to word received here from that city.

POWERS TALKS.

Georgetown, Ky., June 13.—Caleb Powers, when notified this morning of his pardon by the governor said:

"If I had between twelve and fifteen thousand dollars the amount it takes to properly present my defense in one of these trials and in addition to that had had the strength and health to endure the strain of another one, or if the judge in my case had granted me bail when we applied for it at the conclusion of my last trial, I would never have made application for a pardon. But would have attempted again to have secured my freedom at the hands of a jury, notwithstanding the recent difficulties in the way of a fair hearing in my case. But the decision of Governor Willson to the effect that I am entitled to my liberty after his long and painstaking examination of the records in all the Goebel trials, with his trained and discriminating mind as a lawyer, I think is as much a vindication of my good name as though my liberty had come thru the decision of the average jury, especially in view of the fact that ten of my jury voted for my acquittal with another one of them willing to do so. When asked what he intended doing and what his plans for the future were Mr. Powers said: "I am going home to my poor old mother and will remain there a few weeks at least and if my health does not improve in that time as I think it should, I will go to Battle Creek, Mich., to that sanitarium."

When asked what he intended to engage in he said, "if my health is sufficiently recovered to do it, by the first of September, I will again resume the practice of law in my home town, Barboursville, Ky., unless something much better than that presents itself between now and that time." Asked if he meant to re-enter politics, he said "don't mention politics to me." In expression of gratitude to his numerous friends throughout the country, he said they have really won the fight for me. I could never have continued the fight these many years but for their generous aid and support.

GOV. WILLSON GIVES REASONS.

Frankfort, Ky., June 13.—Gov. Willson gave out the following reason for pardoning Caleb Powers and James B. Howard.

Application has been made to the governor for the pardon of Caleb Powers, who stands charged by indictment found in the Franklin circuit court, and afterward transferred on charge of venue to the Scott circuit court with the crime of being accessory before the fact to the willful murder of William Goebel. The application is supported by petitions recommending the pardon of the accused, signed by nearly 500,000 persons, some 240,000 Kentuckians, and a large proportion are democrats.

It is not likely that at any time during my term of office I shall be called upon to decide matters of graver importance than those presented by the applications for pardon of Caleb Powers and James B. Howard. I have given to their consideration the most careful conscientious and thorough investigation and thought in my power. I realize that, whatever my decision may be, it will be harshly criticised. For more than eight years this group of cases has held the attention of the whole state, and, indeed, of the whole country as no cases in this state ever did before.

The murder of Senator Goebel destroyed a remarkable life, brought the deepest grief to his family and thousands of friends who loved him, overthrew a whole state election, destroyed the peace and good feeling of the state for eight years, set neighbor against neighbor, made politics almost war, stained the good name of Kentucky and shocked the civilized world. There was and is no shadow of excuse or palliation for this base crime. There can be no mercy for any one guilty of the murder or of aiding or abetting it, but the more grave crime, the more serious, is the responsibility of deciding the question of guilt and the more imperative duty of guarding against injustice and wrong imposed under the pressure of public excitement, passion or prejudice.

The sympathy which makes all the world akin, of every good man and woman, is with the brothers, kinsmen and friends of the victim of the murder.

I have not heard nor considered, but have refused to consider, any private or secret request of appeal in either of these cases, and have, without exception, required that all of the proceedings should be heard publicly in the presence of representatives of both sides, so that all should know everything to which any weight was given for or against the applications and that all the world should have a chance to judge whether the reason for the decision were just and righteous.

Farmers Meeting.

(Continued from first page.)

ing the soldiers in Marion at this time, Judge Blackburn cheerfully responded to the request and at the one o'clock meeting, asked for time to explain his position. This was granted and he spoke for about 30 minutes in a vigorous and logical manner in support of his position. He stated, in the beginning that he made no apology to any man who wore a leather for his position and that the soldiers would be kept here until in his judgment law and order was established in the length and breadth of the land. He denied that the county paid the soldiers and produced a letter (which was read aloud) from the Attorney General in which it was stated that there was no law by which the soldiers could be paid by the County.

Judge Blackburn called on his hearers who applauded lawlessness to stand up and the large audience rose to a man.

After this speech was finished President Johnson asked those who saw a necessity for troops being kept in Marion to stand up. But probably not over a half dozen rose. The speakers were given respectful hearings and were not interrupted. Judge Blackburn stated in closing that he could not give any reasons at this time for knowing that soldiers were needed here but said that information would be ample and would be used before the grand jury next week in attempting to indict those accused of the two railroads in this County 20,000 of who are under bond to await the action of the grand jury.

CIRCUIT COURT

Convenes Monday—Following are Commonwealth Cases—Equity Cases Will Appear Next Week.

COMMONWEALTH DOCKET.

First Day, Monday, June 22.

Commonwealth of Kentucky vs T. H. Cochran, forfeited bail bond.

Second Day, Tuesday, June 23.

Same vs Wm Maynard
Same vs Caroline Plumlee
Same vs Bird Cline
Same vs Will Kirk
Same vs Henry Hamby
Same vs Ira Sullivan
Same vs Same
Same vs Charley Clark
Same vs Frank Young, et al.
Same vs Berry Brasher
Same vs Jim Logan (col.)
Same vs Sam Travis
Same vs Terrellone Land Co.
Same vs Lorene Stallions & Fred Moore
Same vs Ogie Rogers
Same vs Charley Parker, et al.
Same vs Al Scott
Same vs Worth Shewey
Same vs Illinois Central Railroad Company

Same vs Willie Cox

Third Day, Wednesday, June 21

Same vs Ellis Akers

Same vs Noah Belt

Fourth Day, Thursday, June 2

Same vs Percy Howerton

Same vs Herbert Williams

Fifth Day, Friday, June 2

Same vs Arnold Jones

Same vs Joe Jackson

Same vs Joe Baskin

Same vs Chas E. Evans

Same vs John Ferguson

Same vs James R. Jones

Same vs Wm. Allen

Same vs Albert Shewey

Same vs H. T. Jones and Moore

A Grand Family Medicine

"It gives me pleasure to speak a good word for Electric Bitters," writes Mr. Frank Conley of No. 436 Houston St. New York. "It's a grand family medicine for dyspepsia and liver complaints, while for hiccups, back and weak kidneys it can't be too highly recommended." Electric Bitters regulate the digestive functions, purify the blood, and impart renewed vigor and vitality to the weak and debilitated of both sexes. Sold under guarantee at J. H. Druggan, Haynes & Taylor, drug stores, etc.

At Tolu.

Dr. H. B. Wolfe, of Salem, Ky., will be at Tolu, June 22, and will remain there for several days in the practice of his profession (Dentistry.) Every one should go in and have their teeth examined and put in good condition.

HEBRON.

Most of the farmers are busy planting corn.

Miss Mrs. L. J. Daughtrey attended the home coming at Siloam Saturday.

Several from here attended the singing at Cole Moore's Saturday night.

Miss Inez Springs of Sheridan vicinity is visiting friends in this neighborhood this week.

To the article in last weeks Record-Press, entitled "if not why not," we all heartily say "amen."

Mr and Mrs J. M. Barnes of Hurricane attended church at Dunn Springs Sunday.

Jas Franklin of Levas was cutting wheat for the McAfee farm last week.

Rev. Summers visited friends in this section Saturday and Sunday.

David B. Fols, of Marion, passed thru here Sunday evening en route to Cave-in-Rock.

Bro. Hughes of Marion filled his regular appointment at Dunn Springs Sunday.

On last Tuesday night Miss Ruth Cook entertained in honor of her

guests, Misses Susie Boston, Nannie Rochester and Mr Douglas Clement. Those present were, Misses Nannie Rochester, Susie Boston, Inez Springs, Ova Clark and Messrs Harvey Clark, Ray Daughtrey and Douglas Clement.

Everybody is expecting a big time at the big barbecue at Herrin Bros. on July 4th.

Mrs. Caroline Bell is visiting her son, Bob, at this week.

"EYE TIME"

Is that time in every one's life—some young, some old—when the eyes give evidence of strain, tire or other signs of needing care. Then see eye specialists—else you may not see anything later on. Our reputation for selecting and fitting correct glasses is established. For eye troubles you'll do well to consult us.



DR. ABELL,
Princeton Ky.

CHAPEL HILL.

We are having a great deal of rain in this section, some of our corn crops will be late as some have not finished planted at this date.

Tobacco crop in this section are all set out and some plowed over the second time.

The grass and clover crop will be much shorter than was expected, especially the new meadows.

Our wheat crop in this vicinity is very small, right in my immediate neighborhood, we have but three crops. T. M. Hill, H. S. Hill and J. L. Minner have small crop.

Mrs. Charlie Clement is having her new barn finished, which was the last work done was to frame this barn. Fred Brown and Mr. Carlton, of Crayne, are doing the work on it, which will be a nice building when completed and a great improvement on Mrs. Clement's farm.

Lightning struck James Fowler's barn last week and killed a calf for him. No damage done to the barn.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Ward were the guests of John Asbridge and wife on the Wilson Hill at Marion Sunday.

Quite a number of Chapel Hillites

were seen making their way down the road to Martin Fugate's of Frances last Saturday night, to an ice cream supper, which was reported to be the largest gathering they had ever witnessed in a long time. A house full and yard full and still counting. Lots of ice cream and cake and this was a great attraction to some of our boys. I saw a nice cream supper.

W. H. Bigham had a bad cold last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wharton of View were visiting in Chapel Hill last Tuesday.

Wm. Fowler of Marion was the guest of his son, James, Fowler and family Sunday.

Who and by whom was the item written? In March, 6th, 1899, W. H. Bigham wrote this article for the C. Walker in his letter to the London Press. M. G. Jacobs has the family Bible which Andy Hill was the age of that old volume is not known as far back May 10th. The following was written on the last of that venerable book.

When this you see remember me. When I am dead and my bones are scattered.

When this you see remember me. I am forgotten.

WILLIAM PHILLIPS.

Mrs. Ruth Jackson, an aunt of J. M. Asbridge, and Mrs. Horace Williamson, of Paducah, are visiting in this county and will visit in Chapel Hill shortly.

Fred Stone, of Tolu, will teach our fall school at Chapel Hill.

Mrs. Jane Brookshire and Mrs. Roberts of Wayne, were at the Long grave-yard close to Cal Adams and cleaned off the little grave-yard one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Cal Adams were the guests of W. H. Bigham and daughter on last Sunday evening.

B. L. Stevens, Dead.

A telegram to Judge J. B. Kevil Saturday afternoon at one o'clock conveyed the news of the death, at Smithfield, N. C., of Mr. B. L. Stevens, the husband of Judge Kevil's daughter, Mrs. Della Stevens. The news was not unexpected as the deceased had been in bad health for several months, following an attack of grippe last winter, and a serious liver complaint. The family is not advised as to the funeral arrangements or Mrs Stevens future plans. Mr. Stevens was a widower with a daughter of 13 years of age when he married Miss Della Kevil in Dec. 1907.

He and his brother conducted a large warehouse and general merchandise store, at Smithfield. He was a gentleman of fine character and made a splendid impression on every one who met him when he was on his bridal trip.